

THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— G. M. WOOD, H. C. WYATT, Lessees.
Three Nights Only, Beginning Tonight,
Monday Evening, November 28.

.....Mr. Jacob Litt presents Grant Stewart's Laughing Success.....

MISTAKES WILL HAPPEN

TO SEE IT
IS TO
LAUGH.

The Comedy
Success of the
Year.

A Great Company, Headed By

**CHARLES DICKSON AND
HENRIETTA CROSMAN.**

Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— THE MOST PERFECT ACOUSTICS OF
ANY BUILDING IN THE CITY.
Tuesday Afternoon, November 29, at 3:45 o'clock, Second Concert
of the Season 1898-99, Given by the
LOS ANGELES SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
HARLEY HAMILTON, Director, MISS MOLLIE ADELIA BROWN, Soloist.
Season Tickets, good for 20 admissions, with reserved seats, \$10. Single Admission,
25c reserved seats, 50c. Seats now on sale. Tel. Main 70.

BURBANK— PRICES—15c, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. J. C. A. SHAW, Lessee.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, 10c AND 25c.

Last Week Grau's Opera Co.—ANOTHER GREAT PRODUCTION—Monday,
and Tuesday Nights and Wednesday Matinee.

"OLIVETTE"
Repertoire for balance of week to be announced later.

MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES ATHLETIC CLUB—
Monday evening, Nov. 28, BOB THOMPSON vs. KID PARKER, 15 rounds.
Young Dempsey vs. Jack Furkhart, 4 rounds. Wick Brown vs. Rufus Thompson,
10 rounds. General admission \$1.50; reserved seats \$2; Club members 75c.

OSTRICH FARM, South Pasadena—
Boas, Capes, Tips and Plumes for sale.
—100 Gigantic Birds— Immense Stock. Producers Prices,
APPROPRIATE CALIFORNIA PRESENTS

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

FINE FLAVORED PEARS—
Ripe, sweet and juicy. We handle only Mountain Grown Pears.
Good Strawberries— 800 to 850 boxes received fresh from the gardens
Daily. Call and see our immense stock.

TEL. MAIN 388. **Althouse Fruit Co.** 213-215
OPEN ALL NIGHT. WEST SECOND STREET.

AWARDED— Another Gold Medal on Our Photographs, Chautauqua, N.Y.
July 16, 1900. **STUDIO 220 1/2 SOUTH SPRING, OPPOSITE HOLLENBECK.**

FANCY NORTHERN APPLES—
AND WINTER NELLIS PEARS. Finest assortment of Vegetables, Sugar Pears,
String Beans and large, smooth Tomatoes. "It's alright if it comes from Rivers."
We ship Everywhere. **RIVERS BROS.** Temple and Broadway.

FITZGERALD'S MUSIC HOUSE— 113 SOUTH SPRING.
—A GOOD PLACE TO BUY A PIANO—

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

California Limited.

VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

Leaves Los Angeles 1:30 p.m. Mon., Wed., Sat.
Arrives Denver 5:00 p.m. Wed., Fri., Mon.
Arrives Kansas City 8:00 p.m. Wed., Fri., Mon.
Arrives Chicago 8:15 a.m. Thurs., Sat., Tues.

CONNECTING TRAINS.

Arrives Omaha 6:00 a.m. Thurs., Sat., Tues.
Arrives St. Louis 7:00 a.m. Thurs., Sat., Tues.
Arrives Port Worth 8:00 a.m. Thurs., Sat., Tues.
Arrives New York 7:00 p.m. Thurs., Sat., Tues.
Arrives St. Paul 1:30 p.m. Fri., Sun., Wed.
Arrives Boston 3:00 p.m. Fri., Sun., Wed.

The California Limited is made up of the highest class of
equipment, is lighted by Electricity and carries Com-
posite and Observation Cars with every accommo-
dation for ladies and gentlemen.
The Dining Car gives unequalled service.
This splendid train is for first-class travel only, but
there is no extra charge beyond the regular ticket and
sleeping car rate.
Ticket office, 200 Spring Street.

The fastest
Regular
Train
Ever Run
Across
the
Continent.

EXCURSIONS MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—
Each and every day from Wednesday, November 23, including Wednesday
November 30, These dates positively the last for this season at the lowest rate
ever made. From Los Angeles, including all points on Mount
Lowe Railway \$1.70 and return. Enjoy the grandest trip on earth.
To make the trip complete remain over night at Echo Mountain House, rates \$2.50 and
up per day. Pasadena electric cars connecting leave 8, 9, 10 a.m., 3 p.m. (5 p.m.
Saturday only). Returning arrive 5:25, 6:25 p.m. Evening special will leave Echo
Mountain after operation of large telescope and World's Fair searchlight, arriving at
10:30 p.m. L. A. Terminal Ry. leaves 6:35 a.m., returning, arrives 5:05 p.m. Tickets
and full information office 214 S. Spring St. Tel. Main 960.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES—

HOTEL GREEN— Pasadena. Absolutely
fire-proof. The monarch hotel of Southern
California. Two noble, fire-proof buildings
surrounded by parks, fine Golf Grounds

J. H. HOLMES, Manager.

THE ROSSLYN— Main street, opposite Postoffice. All modern improvements—Tele-
phones—Hot and cold water and steam heat in every room—70 sunny rooms with
private bath—Orchestra music every evening—Electric cars from railroad depots
direct to the Rosslyn—American and European plans. **ABNER L. ROSS, Prop.**

SHE ACCEPTS.

Spain's Mind Has Come
to a Head.

After Weeks of Haggling, Dons
Take Our Dollars.

They Have Butted Their Brains
to a Standstill.

MAY SIGN TREATY TODAY.

Ex-Secretary Day Notifies the
Chief Executive.

Madrid Also Furnishes News of
an Agreement.

Americans Do Not Change Terms
in Any Degree.

WILL PAY TWENTY MILLION.

Montero Rios is Awaiting Final In-
structions—Protest Probably Will
Accompany the Surrender—Last
of a Colonial Empire.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, Nov. 27.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The cabinet has agreed upon the instructions to Senor Rios, president of the Spanish Peace Commission, for tomorrow's joint session at Paris at which the treaty will be signed.

President Gets Word.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Throughout the peace negotiations, which are still pending in Paris, the President has expressed confidence that a treaty satisfactory to the United States would be drafted and signed. From time to time assurances of substantial progress toward that end have been received from the American commissioners. Today advices were received by the President from Mr. Day, president of the American commission, reiterating the assurance that he had previously given the President of the early and successful conclusion of the work of the commission. Judge Day, it is understood, states positively that the Spanish commissioners formally will accept, perhaps tomorrow, the terms of the United States and that a treaty drawn along the lines of the agreement reached will be drawn and signed in a few days.

Last of Her Glory.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says: "It may be regarded that Spain will accept the American conditions and sign the treaty, perhaps even without a protest. Thus her colonial empire will disappear forever, and the day is not far distant when the patrimony of the United States occurring to them under prosperity from exploiting the islands and with good administrations will have increased fourfold the sum total of the war indemnity which France paid Germany."

WISEST THING TO DO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "The

Cabinet has concluded that the wisest policy is to accept the American terms, leaving to the Spanish commissioners full power to secure the best possible indemnity and to place on record, if the American commissioners will permit, a protest against the American interpretation of the protocol as affecting the Philippines and against the proceedings generally. The decision of the Cabinet is approved in political and financial circles."

AMERICAN DEMANDS UN-CHANGED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish Commission, is this evening waiting for the reply from the Spanish government, and, unless there is some change in the situation before noon tomorrow, the reply will be an acceptance, under protest, of the American offer of \$20,000,000 for the Philippines.

Marquis de Comillas, who is the largest individual creditor of Spain, and has been here from the outset in behalf of numerous important enterprises, of which he is the head, indicated this evening that Spain had made up her mind to yield.

The original American claim was upon territory within lines longitudinally and latitudinally defined. It embraces the so-called Sulu group. There has been no change since the first demand, and, according to the statement of one of the American commissioners, there will be no modifications of it.

EXHORTS TO THE LAST.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, Nov. 27.—El Imparcial exhorts the government to refuse with dignity the indemnity America offers and to protest against America's appeal to force with respect to the Philippines.

El Correo denies the reports that an insurrection has broken out in the Sulu Islands.

A red book dealing with the peace negotiations is being prepared. There is a good deal of comment upon a dispatch from Gibraltar announcing the arrival there during this month of 180 new model cannon.

THAT "OPEN DOOR."

It Does not Admit Foreigners to the Western Hemisphere.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Administration officials do not expect that the "open door" policy will take an important position in the discussions of the coming session of Congress, but believe debate on this matter will wait on final disposition of the Philippines. A prominent official today said:

The phrase "open door" is of limited application, and has been used only with reference to the possessions of European powers on the east coast of Asia. Originating in the treaty or "open door" of China, the phrase has been extended to cover ports which China has leased or surrendered to foreign powers.

The phrase means that in such ports the alien government has in fact, imposed no discriminations in tariff or navigation charges against imports or exports of other countries, but has treated them on the same plane as its own imports and its own vessels. In other words, foreign powers holding Chinese ports by seizure or treaty have merely announced that they will keep open such ports in the same manner that China has opened certain free ports, to the commerce of nations, without discrimination or favor.

The "open door" policy has been particularly obligatory, as the reverse policy would be in direct hostility to the purpose of civilized nations, steadily pursued for years and concurred in by China, of opening the Asiatic trade to commerce.

The phrase "open door" has no pertinence to the Western Hemisphere and no relevancy to the West Indies. The matter has been completely misunderstood by foreign newspapers, giving the phrase an application to this continent. The United States restricts trade between American ports to American vessels, precisely as the Dominion of Canada restricts trade to British vessels between Canadian ports. Under the British law, any nation which elects to allow British vessels to engage in its coasting trade can obtain the privilege of entering the coasting trade of Canada. The United States has never availed itself of this opportunity, holding that the privilege to be granted is very much more valuable than the privilege to be obtained.

"The restriction of trade between the United States and the Philippines, the United States must determine whether it will follow the 'open door' policy of other nations with possessions by seizure or concession on the east coast of Asia. Commercially, the restriction of the trade between the United States and Porto Rico is of relatively little moment, as the direct commerce is very small, and is absorbed by American and Canadian vessels. The value of Porto Rico is as a fulcrum for the development of American commerce in the West Indies."

POISONED HER HUSBY.

Young and Pretty Mme. Bianchini Taken into Custody.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PARIS, Nov. 27.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Mme. Bianchini was arrested to-day on the charge of attempting to poison her husband, Charles Bianchini, the famous and popular scenic artist.

About six months ago he was attacked suddenly by a mysterious malady, which the physicians diagnosed differently. One of them declared his belief that the symptoms were those of atropine poisoning, and thereupon Bianchini's friends, M. Carre and Gaillard, directors of the Grand Opera, took it upon themselves to carry him to a distant village, away from his wife. Then he recovered rapidly.

The story spread, and Mme. Bianchini was compelled to take some attention. This led to her arrest, the police finding bottles of atropine in her house. She is young and pretty, and treats the case quite flippantly. A divorce suit was pending between the couple.

BOILED ALIVE.

Steamer T. C. Walker a
Floating Caldron.

While En Route to Stockton One
of the Boilers Bursts.

Decks Blown Open and the Boat
Enveloped in Steam.

SIX PEOPLE DIE HORRIBLY.

Ten More May Succumb to
Burns and Injuries.

Fifteen or Twenty Others Receive
Bruises and Blisters.

Capt. Tulan Thrown From Bed
and Virtually Roasted.

FRIGHTFUL SCENES OF AGONY.

Chief Engineer Henry's Wife Hurled
Through the Roof—Deckhands
Locked in Their Rooms Receive
Full Effects of Steam.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Nov. 27.—The most disastrous river accident in the history of Stockton occurred this morning at 12:30 o'clock when the "T. C. Walker," which left San Francisco at 6 o'clock last night, was blown out, causing the death of six and dangerously wounding ten persons, while probably fifteen or twenty others were more or less badly hurt. The T. C. Walker is owned by the California Navigation and Improvement Company, and ran between San Francisco and Stockton. The dead are: CAPT. JOHN TULAN of the T. C. Walker.

W. A. BLUNT, the agent in charge of the shipping of sugar beets from the Moss tract to the Crockett factory.

WATSON HENRY, of Stockton, engineer of the T. C. Walker.

MRS. WATSON HENRY, wife of the chief engineer.

JERRY DAILEY, fireman.

FERDINAND LAW, passenger, scalded about face and hands and injured in the breast.

GEORGE P. SMITH, a native of Massachusetts, deck hand, burned about face and body, and injured in the kidneys.

JAMES CORCORAN, deck hand, will probably die.

JACK HOLMBERG, known as Jack Sperry, watchman, injured in head and scalded over entire upper portion of body.

CORATTI DOMINICI, deck hand, scalded about hands and face and back injured.

JOHN BURNS, deck hand, slightly burned about the head.

(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

Points of the News in Today's Times.

[THE BUDGET—This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times dispatches, making about 17 columns. A large proportion of it relates to the recent war.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 10.

Soldier breaks Caterer Melsted's nose....An old-time Spanish barbecue....Doncaster wins the coursing stakes....Lovell Japanese gets into trouble....Legislators to visit the normal school and Whittier....Sunday at the churches....In the sporting field....Increased demand for oil.

Southern California—Page 6.

New jetty deepens the San Diego Harbor channel....A jeweler's luck at Dawson....Santa Ana wave motor inventor operated on for appendicitis....Careless carmer tried at San Bernardino....Death of a retired railroad man at Santa Monica....Anaheim creameries prospering....Veteran killed at Fairview....Lady Broome of Santa Barbara sues for rent....Mondelecto votes school bonds....Bloody row at Baldwin's ranch....Pasadena hostler savagely assaults his employer.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Spanish Cabinet decides to yield and let her commissioners make the best terms possible....Steady inflow of gold to the Bank of London....Southern France and northern Italy suffer from storms....Picquart's case will not be postponed....United States Minister Strauss scores a point....Union Jack not hoisted over Ting Hai....Esterhazy coming to America.

N. G. FOPPIANNO of San Francisco, passenger, injured in the face and breast.

EDWARD PAUL JONES, stevedore, scalded about face and hands.

MARTIN MCCAFFREY of San Francisco, deck hand, burned about head and body.

LOUIS BRIZZOLANA of San Francisco, wine merchant, badly injured.

JOHN FIGONI of Stockton, deck hand, head cut and back hurt.

The majority of the passengers were in bed when the explosion occurred, and were awakened by the report, which was as loud as a cannon's roar. People rushed from their rooms in their nightclothes and found the whole forward part of the steamer's upper works blown away. The electric lights had been put out, and the escaping steam enveloped the front portion of the boat till it was impossible to see how much of the boat had been carried away.

The screams of the men who were locked in their rooms near the pilot-house were heartrending. Capt. John Tulan had been blown from his bed against the door of the stateroom and so seriously injured that he could not move. The door could not be forced open, as he was jammed up against it. One of the employees of the boat secured an ax and cut the upper part of the room away, and finally removed him, but not until he was virtually roasted alive. When pulled out the flesh dropped from his bones in large pieces, and although he was suffering excruciatingly, he bore it bravely and not a groan escaped him after he was taken out of the steam.

Watson H. Henry, the chief engineer, and his wife were in their room near the pilot-house when the explosion occurred. Mrs. Henry was blown through the roof. The flooring was blown upward, and she was hurled with great violence a distance of fully twenty feet toward the bow of the boat. She was horribly crushed by the force of the explosion, and also badly scalded with escaping steam. Her death proved fatal at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon. She retained consciousness until a few moments before her death. After suffering so intensely that she begged the physicians to administer to end her life, but all that could be done was to render the pain by the use of narcotics.

Henry was terribly scalded. He was thrown some distance away, but not as far as his wife. He died shortly after being brought to this city. W. A. Blunt was instantly killed. He was standing on the lower deck, as he intended making a landing a short distance above the place where the explosion occurred.

Jerry Dailey, the fireman, was in the fire-hole of the boat when the accident occurred. The escaping steam completely enveloped him, scarcely a portion of his body escaping the scorching vapor. He died at the Receiving Hospital at 12:45 o'clock this afternoon. He had been in the employ of the California Navigation and Improvement Company for about fourteen years.

Underneath the lower deck, where the deckhands sleep, the groans and screams were heartrending, for the unfortunate imprisoned men were receiving the full effect of the steam as it came from the boilers. Eight of them were almost boiled alive. Those who were able made their way to the deck as best they could, while the more seriously injured were unable to get out. The exposed portions of their bodies suffered the most. The arms and faces of those near the main entrance were frightfully scalded. Coratti Dominick, who was on the

(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

BR-R-R-R-R-R!

There's a Blizzard on in
New England.

Worst Old Gale Since That
Storm of Fifty-one.

Sea Driven Inshore to Extent
Unparalleled in Years.

SNOW UP TO TWO FEET.

Railroads and Wires are
All Balled Up.

Tracks Washed Out or Blockaded
With Stubborn Drifts.

Cities and Towns Suffer Equally
With the Country.

DISASTROUS TO THE SHIPPING.

Most of the Coasters Detained in
Safe Harbors—Large Fleet of
Outward-bound Vessels Delayed
at New York.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—A rapid break in the November blizzard swept over the entire portion of New England last night and today, completely demolishing the last of snow, and leaving a soft, light snowfall, and a few scattered showers of rain. The coastwise trade, however, on a high coast of drifts drove the sea far beyond its usual limits and made a mark along shore expected only by the memorable hurricane of 1891.

While the storm was heaviest in the southwestern part of New England, the whole district was affected, and experienced a snowfall of from eight to twenty-four inches. As the center of the disturbance moved down the Maine coast, that section and the provinces will probably receive a similar taste of winter weather tonight.

Fortunately the storm was heralded sufficiently in advance by the Weather Bureau to detain most of the coast shipping in safe harbors, but the warning was entirely unheeded and ignored by those on shore, with the result that nearly all, especially the railroads and electric companies, were caught napping and suffered accordingly. There was not a railroad in New England that was not more or less tied up by the heavy fall of snow and the great drifts, and the roads running along the coast, like the New York, New Haven and Hartford, and the Boston and Maine, had the added difficulty of frequent washouts in places exposed to the heavy seas.

Trains north, east, south and west were nearly all stalled early in the night, although one train from Bangor reached Lynn this noon. No Chicago trains came into the city this evening. In cities and towns dependent upon electric cars, service was even worse, for the damp snow packed hard on the rails and held up even the heavy snow-plows. The service in this city was probably the best of any of the surrounding community, yet even here there was no attempt to run more than a dozen cars on Washington street and one or two others of the main thoroughfares.

The storm, while not so severe and far-reaching in its effects as the fearful blizzard of last February, was nevertheless the heaviest experienced in November in this part of the country for a long series of years. Coming on Sunday, it did not cause the annoyance or inconvenience it would have done on a week day, and most of the transportation companies made a heroic effort to at least partially recover from the effects of the blockade.

Only the barest reports were received up to 6 o'clock tonight of the effects of the storm on the coast, but even those few lines gave rise to the gravest fears as to the safety of what little shipping that may have been off Cape Cod last night or today. It will probably be two or three days before a complete record of the disaster can be made.

All points south of this city and east of Providence were isolated last evening. New Bedford being lost to the outside world before 8 o'clock, and Newport and Fall River disappearing into the night not long after. Farther to the west, at Providence and in other parts of Rhode Island, communication was intermittent and subject to great delay. Night trains over the Shore line to New York reached Providence with only a few minutes delay, but beyond that point they met terrific drifts.

WE MUST LOOK OUT. NEWS SINCE MIDNIGHT

[Under this heading are printed the very latest exclusive dispatches, being the cream of the news in the New York morning newspapers of today, which is wired from that city by the Times' special New York correspondent about 5 a.m. reaching Los Angeles about 2 a.m.]

ENGLISH AND GERMANS ARE EYEING THE PHILIPPINES.

Millions of Pounds and Probably as Many Marks Ready to Grab Commercial Openings.

SMALL INVESTMENTS NO GOOD.

BIG MONEY AND BRAINS NEEDED THERE IN BUSINESS.

Dr. Amadeo on Porto Rico's Poor. Report That Comes to Dead End Credited by Cabana—The Reina Mercedes.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Manila cable says that every steamer brings more Americans commercially bent. Several of these are advance agents of American investors must look sharp, or the best things will be grabbed by Englishmen or Germans. The Sun correspondent knows that one Englishman, who controls millions of pounds and has unlimited authority to buy sugar estates, was instructed to make no contracts until he was certain that Americans would hold the islands and then to take everything good it was possible to get. These men have the advantage of years of residence among the islands and a thorough knowledge of language and people. It behooves the Americans to hurry, but to do so with the greatest caution.

Some Americans here are now preparing plans for a great corporation to control large interests which will probably be able to compete favorably with English capital. There is comparatively no opportunity here for small investments. Strong companies with plenty of capital can make big money, but practically the only individual opportunity will be in an administrative capacity. The tendency is clearly shown by the actions of representatives of a large American brewery, who are already buying saloons in Manila.

Americans who expect to find good chances here by individual efforts, are likely to be disappointed. Hands have no place in competing with the Filipinos or Chinese. Heads with capital can reap a rich reward.

PORTO RICO'S POOR.

Dr. Amadeo Thinks They Need Better Nourishment.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, Nov. 27.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.] Dr. Amadeo, a Porto Rican, who has passed much of his life in the United States, recently made a study of the foods of the poorer classes of his countrymen, and has embodied some of the results of his labor in an open letter to Maj.-Gen. Brooke. In the course of his letter, Dr. Amadeo says:

"Five years ago, upon my return from the United States, I began to make certain comparisons between the poor of Porto Rico and the poorer classes among Americans. I noticed a physical inferiority among the Porto Ricans. The blame for this should be laid at Spain's door, for she, by reason of excessive duties, on the necessities of life, always prevented the poor man here from obtaining proper nourishment."

"The science of nourishment shows us that a man, in order to maintain his health, should consume daily about 124 grammes of nitrogenized matter, 340 grammes of matter containing starch, and 55 grammes containing grease. Hence the indispensability of meat. But the laborer in Porto Rico is unable to obtain a sufficient quantity of these elements. Meat is a luxury he very rarely tastes."

"This largely explains the condition of the Porto Rican. The majority of the muscular system wasting away from defective nourishment, and the brain inactive and dull because deprived of phosphorus. The majority of the Porto Ricans are of European extraction. They cannot support life in roofless huts and in the open woods, as can the black races of Africa. We must make it possible for them to obtain shelter and homes, at least as good as those of their forefathers. This could be done by permitting the entrance of all restrictions and duties of the component parts of simple houses, such as boards, joists, roof and rafters."

LA REINA MERCEDES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Nov. 27.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Reina Mercedes, some days ago examined the wreck of the sunken cruiser Reina Mercedes, made another examination yesterday and found that the wreck had moved to the bottom of the harbor. The vessel was in an extremely dangerous position. If work is not started soon, the vessel will probably be lost.

HAVANA NOTES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

Rumor of Gomez's Death—Farewell to Blanco. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HAVANA, Nov. 27.—[By West Indian Cable.] There is a report in circulation here this evening that word has been received of the death of Gen. Maximo Gomez, Friday night, but it is not credited in Cuban circles.

In accordance with yesterday's arrangements, Gen. Wade, Admiral Sampson, Col. Cloud, Capt. Hart, their aides, attached, all in uniform and an interpreter, called upon Gen. Blanco, at the palace, at 10 o'clock this morning, to extend a formal farewell on his resignation of the captain-generalship, and in anticipation of his early departure from the island. When the Americans retired, Gen. Blanco accompanied them to the head of the staircase bowing them out with the greatest courtesy and shaking hands with all.

Mad Mullah Crosses Swat.

SIMLA, Nov. 27.—The mad Mullah, who has been threatening to pass the Swat frontier, has crossed the Swat River, and fighting has occurred between his followers and the Indo-British forces.

American Persistence Tells.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27.—The energetic action of Oscar S. Strauss, the United States Minister, has obtained a concession which the United States have been for eighteen months vainly endeavoring to secure, namely, the granting of traveling permits to foreigners from the interior of Asia Minor.

The immediate incentive to the action of Mr. Strauss was the Porte's refusal of permit to an American missionary.

EUROPE'S COLD SHOULDER

DONS RUN AGAINST IT AND FALL BACK DISCOURAGED.

The Spanish Peace Commissioners Were Bluffing Their Little Bluff Because They Expected the Other Powers to Help Them, Which They Didn't.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The decision of Spain to make complete submission to the American demands is the result of pressure upon the Spanish commission not so much from Madrid as from the principal powers of continental Europe. The Spanish government utilized the past six days, during which Señor Montero Rios was conducting correspondence with Judge Day regarding the details of the Americans' offer to sound more the European chancellors upon the point as to whether she could rely on any aid toward the limitation of American aggression in case she rejected the American terms.

"We received," said a Spanish delegate, with much bitterness, in Paris, last night, "not only a refusal of any support, but a plain intimation that no power would interfere if we lost the Carolines and even the Canaries."

The Sagasta Cabinet was divided, and the Spanish commissioners were almost unanimous for rejecting the American offer until the attitude of the powers was made clear. Sagasta, Friday, catered to Rios's determination not to accept the terms by suggesting that he hold out for minor concessions, which Rios believed the Americans would at least consider, rather than break off the negotiations, but the tenor of the last letter from Judge Day to Rios made it clear that the negotiations under the protocol were at an end so far as the Americans were concerned.

BLANCO PULLS OUT.

"Gen. Blanco and his aides, Gen. Solano and the staff generals, left Havana for Spain last night on the transport Villaverde. Quarters in keeping with his dignity had been fitted up on the Villaverde for Blanco. He left Havana in a quiet manner, and assured his friends that he would accept no demonstrations upon his arrival in Spain. The Villaverde will make the voyage in company with the Montevideo, which carries 2345 returning troops."

COWLES TOO PREVIOUS.

Considerable comment passed in Havana yesterday upon the action of Capt. Cowles of the Topeka in saluting the port and Admiral Manterola when he arrived there. The Topeka fired the national salute as soon as she passed the Moro, which was answered from Cabanas. Again passing the Marquis de la Ensenada, a salute was fired to Admiral Manterola's flag, which was answered. An American naval officer pointed out yesterday that Spain and the United States were not at peace yet, and the salute under the circumstances was remarkable.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

ROAST OF CORBETT.

The London Referee this morning, in a scorching editorial, says: "That Corbett was a miserable, ungrateful, unprincipled, and unscrupulous scoundrel, who blackguarded his hosts, I am painfully aware. Corbett made an awful fool of himself here. After his visit to England, one could guess what manner of man or beast this was who

and it was morning before either of the two regular trains reached New London. Here they were stalled nearly all day by freight wrecks on the road between that point and New Haven. The trains from New York met a similar experience west of Saybrook, and after some hours of telegraphing they managed to reach New London and started, late in the afternoon, for Providence.

At noon today the regular New York express from Chicago left Springfield for this city, followed a short time later by the morning express from the West end, bearing a slight delay from a wreck at East Brookfield, came through to this city all right.

During the gale last night and this morning thirty barges and schooners lying in the harbor were wrecked and sunk, and at least twelve lives were lost. The Wilson liner Ohio is ashore on Spectacle Island in the bay. No serious damage is reported.

VESSELS DRIVEN ASHORE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—A dozen or more coasting vessels were driven ashore in Boston Harbor during the blizzard of last night and this morning. Schooners and coal barges, with two anchors out and every reason to expect a safe weathering of the gale, were dragged from their moorings and hurled against pier heads, dashed and rocks, and either sunk or sunk out of the water. The schooner, the schooner, and the schooner, were driven ashore in the lower bay bore the brunt of the storm.

Anchored at the wharf was the Wilson liner, Ohio, a great four-masted cargo boat just in from Hull, Eng. She had only a small cargo on board, and her sides being high out of the water, offered a large surface to the wind. The swift tide prevented the vessel from pointing her nose into the wind, and after a fierce battle for hours, her cables gradually gave way, and she ran upon the beach of Spectacle Island, where she now lies high and dry.

As the tide was very high when the Ohio went ashore, the work of hauling her off is likely to be difficult. The Ohio lies about a mile from the place of the Venetian wreck. Ashore not far from the Ohio is the schooner C. A. White from Baltimore, but she will probably float. Just above Spectacle Island is Thompson's Island, and on the beach, are several large houses, the Watchman, "Fred F. Emerson, Seraphine, British, and a vessel believed to be the Virginia. It is likely that they will be hauled off without serious damage. The schooner John S. Ames and Lizzie Dias are also ashore at Fort Warren.

So far as known there were no lives lost from any of the above wrecks, although it is said two men were washed overboard from the Virginia. No effort was made by the schooner to reach two unknown schooners ashore at Moorhead or further up Quincy Bay, on the flats off the Atlantic.

Further out in the harbor casualties began with the sinking of at least one, if not two, coal barges and the loss of the crew from each. The tug Cumberland came in earlier with a cargo of two barges, and one of them, belonging to the Consolidated Coal Company, broke away from the tug and striking Hunt's ledge, the tug and her cargo were carried into a house, where Schopp had started for a butcher shop where he was employed, and his death is attributed to exposure and exhaustion from his struggle through the blinding storm.

George Beck, 42 years old, and William Allen were also found in Jersey City by the police badly frozen. The former had been drinking. He was unconscious and is likely to die. John Bohan, while on a street car, became benumbed by the cold at Avenue B and Third street, and fell from the platform of the car. He laid in the snow for a considerable time before he was finally discovered by a passer-by and sent to the Bellevue in an ambulance.

Julius Hoesberg, a homeless, who sought shelter in a barn at Stapleton, Staten Island, was found frozen this morning and died shortly afterward. The storm played havoc with the telegraph wires along the coast of New Jersey. The Western Union and other wires in Long Island are nearly all down and beyond Jamaica there is practically no connection.

Late tonight the wires were getting into a better condition, and it is believed that by tomorrow there will be no over-crowding.

The large fleet of outward-bound vessels which were obliged to anchor in the bay yesterday afternoon, owing to the prevailing heavy snowstorm, got underway this forenoon and early this afternoon and proceeded to sea.

Business at the quarantine boarding station was at a standstill. The only vessels to reach port up to 6 p.m. were the Mallory liner Comal, from Galveston, the Lettrinn from London, and the Dominion liner Jamestown. The French liner La Touraine from Havre anchored outside the bar at 5:30 a.m. Among the steamers due are the Maasdam from Rotterdam, the Francisco from Hull and the Thinkvalla.

Frank Jones, aged 40 years, was found dead in the Thirtieth road near White Plains. He had been blinded and benumbed, and fell in the snow to perish.

It is reported from Irvington-on-the-Hudson that a tug was sunk, presumably with all on board. About half a mile below lies a large canal boat high in the water. There was no one on it this morning, and it is believed that if any lives were lost, but it is believed that the captain and family escaped to town this morning.

The New York Central Railroad suffered much damage, and wrecking trains were at work all day between New York and Albany. The sea-bound trains had to take the middle tracks, as the officials feared a disaster.

HAYOV IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Even the Country Milk Trains are Blocked in Snow.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The blizzard which came out of the west reached this city at 11 o'clock yesterday morning and raged furiously until 1 o'clock this morning. An unexpected havoc, not only here, but throughout the entire State. In those fourteen hours, the snowfall reached a depth of nine inches, and the wind a velocity of forty-five miles an hour. These figures are unprecedented in the November records of the local Weather Bureau, and the officials there say that the snow the mercury suddenly dropped until well below the freezing point, and tonight it is still on its downward move.

In this city traffic of every kind, as well as wire communication, was crippled. The suburban lines were brought to a complete standstill with the roads piled high with drifted snow. The country milk trains which tried to get away from the city after 11 o'clock this morning, the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad was greatly delayed.

Great Northern's Coal.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 27.—The Dispatch tomorrow will say it has reliable authority for stating that the Great Northern Railway has placed contracts with the West Virginia coal fields for 500,000 tons of coal at \$1.25, delivered at Sandusky, the delivery to extend throughout 1899.

ESTERHAZY COMING OVER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ANTWERP, Nov. 27.—The Droits de l'Homme asserts that Maj. Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy has sailed for the United States.

American Persistence Tells.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27.—The energetic action of Oscar S. Strauss, the United States Minister, has obtained a concession which the United States have been for eighteen months vainly endeavoring to secure, namely, the granting of traveling permits to foreigners from the interior of Asia Minor.

The immediate incentive to the action of Mr. Strauss was the Porte's refusal of permit to an American missionary.

ROAST OF CORBETT.

The London Referee this morning, in a scorching editorial, says: "That Corbett was a miserable, ungrateful, unprincipled, and unscrupulous scoundrel, who blackguarded his hosts, I am painfully aware. Corbett made an awful fool of himself here. After his visit to England, one could guess what manner of man or beast this was who

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime. With the disappearance of the Guardia Civil and the Orden Publico all restraint is removed and the city since has been practically controlled by the lawless element. Not alone are crimes committed upon the streets by desperadoes, but even those who should defend order are serious offenders. Duelling has been revived. Not a day passes without several meetings upon the field of "honor." So far only one fatality has occurred. Spanish officers who have had misunderstandings during the insurrection and who have been restrained from personal combat by army discipline, are now making settlements. So bold have grown the highwaymen in their operations that the employees of large cigar factories employ private police to protect them pay day. Last week the girls employed in Bock's factories, after receiving their pay, were held up in a body and compelled to give up their wages. This week a squad of soldiers accompanied the girls, who marched to their homes in a body.

PLOTTER ASSASSINATIONS.

Capt. Hosmer, the American quartermaster located at Matanzas, recently learned that a plot against his life had been formed by officers of the Spanish army. These men were heard discussing the best method of removing him. One advocated a shot through the window, but others said the better method would be to make way with him by abduction. The more radical Cubans in Havana and vicinity are plotting armed opposition to the United States. The American officials know this to be true and the Cubans admit it, although most of them say the plotters have not a considerable following. It is believed they have been successful in hiding several thousand rifles and carbines and a large amount of ammunition. In Havana and Matanzas provinces, Cubans have established three secret depots for arms. When the proper time arrives, the American troops will take charge of them.

HAVANA'S LAWLESS ELEMENT.

Havana is suffering from a carnival of crime

HIT BY A TYPHOON.

THE GLENOCLE EXPERIENCES A TEMPESTUOUS VOYAGE.

She Brings a Budget of Gory News from the Other Side of the Pacific Ocean.

JAPAN BRACES UP TO RUSSIA.

CHINESE REBELS LOOTING TOWNS AND KILLING MISSIONARIES.

Well-known Redding Citizen Missing—Judge Curtis Wilson Dead. Steamer Sinks—Fire in the Baldwin Cupola.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VICTORIA (B. C.) Nov. 27.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Steamer Glenogle arrived here this morning, after a most tempestuous passage. Three days out from Yokohama, she encountered a typhoon. Heavy seas broke over her, carrying away the saloon, skylights, doors and windows and flooding her. The saloon was filled with water, and in the dining-room and engine-rooms there was nearly two feet of water at one time.

The Glenogle brought an interesting budget of news from the Orient. From Tien-Tsin comes news which shows Japan has decided to resist Russian aggression. She is preparing to drive the Czar's troops from Korea, and to this end large detachments of troops are being landed in the Hermit Kingdom. News is also given from Tien-Tsin that a number of Japanese spies have been captured by the Russians at Port Arthur and shot. Seven Japanese, all officers of the Imperial Japanese army, were taken, and on their persons were found drawings of the principal fortifications. But a day elapsed after the capture before they were marched out before the Russian firing squad and summarily shot.

Rebels in Chung Hing are increasing in power. They are in complete possession of the Tung Liang and How Chow Railway. They are daily committing atrocities of every kind. One of their leaders went to Lung Schu-chin and demanded a large sum of money. It was refused, and, 2000 strong, the rebels plundered the town, killing a hundred. Two days after this they went to Tung Liang and demolished all the houses of Christians, massacred those who tried to escape with shocking brutality.

Two French priests and missionaries of the Chinese Missionary Society had taken shelter in the magistrate's yamen and the rebels demanded them from the magistrate. The magistrate refused, but afterward relented and allowed the rebels to enter the yamen. A Methodist drew a revolver and resisted. He was killed. The French priests were bound and taken away by the rebels, when they retired.

From Chemulpo comes details of a ghastly and gruesome tragedy. Unfortunates accused of an attempt to poison the Chinese Emperor were on the scaffold, awaiting execution. The mob seized them from the executioners and actually tore them to pieces. Even when life was extinct, the most devilish indignities imaginable were heaped upon the mangled bodies by the infuriated mob.

OTHER ADVICES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] PORT TOWNSEND, Nov. 27.—Considerable excitement prevails in Peking among the Manchus over the action of the Empress Dowager in bestowing upon Tsi Chi, Prince of Tuan, and Prince Tan Lien a sword called the "Shang Fand" sword, which carries with it the right to behead any person, regardless of rank or dignity, without first asking permission from the throne. This is a guard against sudden signs of treachery. Although the "Shang Fand" sword has been an institution of the country ever since the earliest Chinese history, it has only been bestowed once before during the present dynasty, when the Mongol general, Si Shang, was appointed by the late Emperor Hsien Feng special generalissimo of the imperial forces acting against the Tatar rebels.

The Japanese government has ordered another new battleship, which is to be constructed by Messrs. Vickers Sons & Maxim of the naval construction works, Barrow-in-Furness, at a cost of £2,000,000. It will exceed anything yet built in size and in offensive and defensive qualities. It will be over 15,000 tons displacement.

Disquieting rumors come from Hinoura, Shirakishi, Uchimura, Oshima, where people are subsisting on bamboo roots and other herbs, owing to the scarcity of rice and the sardine fisheries, which heretofore have furnished the principal food. A famine is feared for this season. The people are on the eve of an outbreak, and most stringent measures have been taken by the government to prevent an uprising. Steps have been taken to ship the necessary supplies until such time as they can resume their usual avocations.

The Chinese government has issued a special gazette prohibiting importations of Japanese yen into Peking district. The cause assigned for such action is that the Peking province is bitter against the Japanese government, and will not recognize the coin of the realm.

HIS ROUGHEST VOYAGE.

What Capt. Thompson Says of His Trip from Alaska.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.) Nov. 27.—The steamer City of Topeka arrived today from Alaska, five days overdue. The delay was caused by rough weather. Capt. Thompson said: "It was the roughest I have experienced during my fifteen years' run on the Alaska route."

BALDWIN'S CUPOLA AFIRE.

Aftermath of the Destruction of the Caravanary.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—About 5 o'clock this evening flames broke out in the cupola of the ruined Baldwin Hotel, but were quickly extinguished. A number of articles were recovered from the debris today, including a half-finished play by William Gillette, and several badly-

burned trunks which were identified by their owners. The fire demonstrated the fact that the water main on Market street is too small, as the whole area of the city supplied by water from College Hill reservoir was without a drop of water so long as the fire engines were in service.

HIS SKELETON FOUND.

Whereabouts of B. F. Roberts no Longer a Mystery.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] REDDING, Nov. 27.—B. F. Roberts, a well-known citizen of this place, disappeared from here rather mysteriously some two years ago. Much speculation was indulged in as to his disappearance, the majority concluding that he had been lost in a snowstorm. Today his skeleton was found on the Pitt River, the identity being established by the clothing and by his pocket possessions. He was a man of family.

SUNK AT THE DOCK.

Steamer Wildwood Goes Down—Man Saved by a Cat.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.) Nov. 27.—During a heavy storm that prevailed in the harbor last night, the steamer Wildwood sunk while lying at her dock. A large hole was made in her hull by a drifting log.

A man who was asleep on board was saved from drowning by the ship's cat, which awakened him by scratching his face just as the steamer was going down.

MAD SOLDIER.

Robert Allen Nearly Chokes His Old Father to Death.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

OAKLAND, Nov. 27.—Robert Allen, a young soldier who went insane at Manila and was brought home on the steamship Australia, is again in custody. When he first reached home he was sent to the Stockton Asylum, but a month ago was released on parole at the request of his father. Since his return home Allen lived quietly with his parents at Fruitvale up to this morning, when his malady showed itself again in violent form.

On awakening today Allen was a mad man. He set upon his aged father and almost choked him into insensibility before assistance could be secured. He then left the house and took a car to East Oakland, where he created a disturbance in a cigar store and was placed under arrest.

Forty-two Years a Justice.

CORDELLA, Nov. 27.—Justice Curtis Wilson, one of Solano's oldest residents, is dead at his home in Green Valley. The aged judge was a native of Illinois, 72 years old, and came to Solano county when a small boy. He had held the office of Justice of the Peace in Green Valley township for the past forty-two years, but was defeated at the last election by a small majority. He was thrown from his buggy about two months ago, receiving serious wounds, which caused his death.

Christian Endeavor Adopts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—The Christian Endeavor, a handsome gasoline launch, was dedicated to Christian work today. The little vessel will be used in carrying the gospel about the bay. It is the intention of the Christian Endeavor people to visit moving vessels as soon as possible after their arrival, and to warn their crews against the land shark and the ill and sins that beset them ashore.

Fired at Her Heart.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—Miss Emma Furman, the wife of a milk dealer, attempted suicide this afternoon by firing a bullet at her heart. The act was committed in a bedroom at her residence. The shot entered her left breast, an inch above the heart, inflicting what is believed to be a fatal wound. A quarrel with her husband is said to have led to the shooting.

His Objections are Outweighable.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—United States Senator Perkins will leave for Washington Tuesday. In an interview today he said: "Personally I do not favor the retention of the Philippines, but great questions of state may arise which will outweigh my objections." He also expressed himself as opposed to the repeal of the war tax.

Wiring the Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—A series of new telegraph and telephone cables are to be laid at once in the bay by the government. One of the lines is to stretch between Fort Mason on the north side of the bay to Angel Island, thence on a cable to Alcatraz. The Presidio and Fort Baker are also to be connected.

Section Hand Loses Legs.

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 27.—Today a section hand named M. Merrill was brought to the railroad hospital from Los Banos, in the San Joaquin Valley, with both hips terribly crushed. While riding on a freight car he fell and was run over. Both legs were amputated above the knees. His recovery is doubtful.

Mangled by a Car.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—Oscar Warren, 58 years of age, was run over by a Mission-street car this evening. The wheels passed over both of his legs, mangle them so badly that amputation was deemed necessary in order to save the injured man's life.

NEGROES WHO ARE NOT.

Three of Them Lifted Off the Earth in Mississippi.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MERIDIAN (Miss.) Nov. 27.—Reports have reached here that three negroes were lynched last night four miles west of Meridian. He said they were taken to a place called Newton county farmers are said to be on the trail of others implicated in an assault on a white man who came to Meridian Friday from Newton county, and was pursued and fired upon by the negroes. A mob of armed farmers went left for the scene, and while no definite news had been received from them, it is believed that they have summarily dealt with the blacks.

Early today a frightened negro reported to the Sheriff that a mob of white men was shooting into negro houses and threatening to kill every negro in the community.

The negro in the community was fired over a hundred shots into the house of the ringleader of Friday's trouble. The negro organized a posse and started for the scene, but no arrival could find no trace of the white men nor any corpses. However, the three negroes concerned in the outrage had "disappeared," and it is said the mob had taken them in charge.

Dickey Club Burned Out.

CAMBRIDGE (Mass.) Nov. 27.—Fire today destroyed a four-story block on Brattle street, whose most noteworthy tenant was the famous Dickey Club of Harvard University. The club lost everything in its apartments, the value of which can only be estimated. The financial loss is \$30,000.

THE ROSSLYN—the tourists' resort.

AMERICA SUITS HIM. If You Can't Sleep

MANILA A GRAVE-FILLER. SAYS CAPT. KAYE, U.S.A.

He Brings a Poor Opinion of the Climate and Some Bad News About Uncle Sam's Boys.

MOST OF THEM ARE HOMESICK.

OTHERS ARE ILL AND SOME ARE TALKING SPANISH.

Gen. Otis Reports Deaths of Soldiers. Fifteenth Infantry Leaves for Cuba Today—London Editorial on Army Increase.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VICTORIA (B. C.) Nov. 27.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Among the passengers who reached here by the steamer Glenogle today was Capt. Kaye, a United States army officer, home on a furlough from Manila. He has a poor opinion of Manila's climate, which, he says, will fill many graves as the soldiers are brought back. Already smallpox and malarial fever are making great incursions among the troops, and many deaths have resulted. Smallpox had, when he left, become quite epidemic, and over a hundred soldiers were down with it.

Capt. Kaye does not think much of the Philippines, who, he says, even if the government of the islands were given them tomorrow, would be unable to govern, as it is beyond them. When he left Manila the feeling of hatred between the Spaniards and Americans was still warring a relentless war of vengeance upon the unfortunate Spaniards. They are looting the houses and possessions of their former masters with vigor at every opportunity. Capt. Kaye went on to Tacoma on the Glenogle en route to New York.

GOING AWAY TODAY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAVANNAH (Ga.) Nov. 27.—The transport Chester will sail tomorrow morning with the Fifteenth United States Infantry for Nueva, Cuba. The regiment has about thirteen hundred men and officers.

THE ARMY INCREASE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Times, in an editorial this morning in praise of the foresight of the United States government in increasing the army, says: "Looking to immediate needs, Mr. Alger's estimates of 100,000 is below, rather than above the mark, for considerable forces will be required to bring the new population into subjection."

DEATHS AT MANILA.

Dysentery, Fever and Smallpox Claim Soldier Victims.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The following report of deaths among the American force at Manila was received from Gen. Otis by the War Department: "MANILA, Nov. 27.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Following deaths since last report, November 2: 'Frank M. Harden, private, Company K, First North Dakota, dysentery. 'Ole T. Lakken, private, Company K, First North Dakota, typhoid fever."

November 22: 'CLYDE PERKINS, private, Company K, Second Oregon, smallpox. 'WALTER DOWNING, private, Company L, First Colorado, dysentery."

(Signed.) "OTIS."

REV. LYMAN ABBOTT.

Resigns His Pastorate to Turn to Fields of Literature.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Rev. Lyman Abbott, pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, tendered his resignation to the congregation this morning. His action, which was unexpected, came at the end of the sermon, and created a sensation. He read a statement saying his health was failing, and that he left the pastorate to take up the pen in literary work.

At a meeting of the congregation Thomas C. Shearn paid a handsome tribute to Rev. Mr. Abbott and his work in the church, since he succeeded Henry Ward Beecher, ten years ago. No action was taken as to a successor, and it will be some time before one is chosen. Abbott, in addition to literary and editorial work, will travel and lecture.

HIS LETTER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott from the pulpit today announced his intention to resign the pastorate of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, which he has filled for ten years. In his letter, Dr. Abbott said: "Perhaps, so reluctant am I to sever my pastoral connections with Plymouth Church, I should still have hesitated and delayed had not a warning been given me this fall, which scarcely needed the doctor's interpretation. He tells me frankly that I am using vital energies faster than nature supplies them. He imperatively declares that I must prepare for discontinuance of my attempt, though made with imperative reserve and every aid to fulfill the duties of my two offices, either one of which would be quite sufficient to tax my fullest and best energies, and he leaves me no option but to withdraw from the pastoral work and devote my-

The cause is pretty sure to be in the stomach. If that important organ be out of order, the nerves will be too, and disordered nerves keep you awake. Sound, refreshing, invigorating sleep is sure to follow the taking of...

It cures nervousness, indigestion, dyspepsia in men and women.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

self to the equally responsible, but quieter work of this part of the body. I have, therefore, no choice but to resign to your hands the office with which for these ten years you have honored me, and I leave it to you to continue your pastorate beyond the present season. I can never resume the labors of the pastorate."

OFF LIFE'S STAGE.

DEATH OF THE VETERAN ACTOR, CHARLES W. COULDOCK.

His Mortal Illness Due to Dropsy and of Short Duration—English by Birth, but American by Adoption—In His Time He Played Many Parts.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Charles W. Couldock, the actor, died tonight at home in this city after a short illness from dropsy. Couldock was stricken November 3, with what was thought to be indigestion, but was afterwards diagnosed as dropsy. His condition became critical and since then, even though he has had several slight rallies, death was expected. His son, S. Y. Couldock, a traveling salesman, survives him.

Charles W. Couldock was born April 26, 1815, at Long Acre, London. He made his first appearance as an actor at the age of 21, personating Othello at a benefit performance at Sadler Wells Theater, London, for which he purchased £10 worth of tickets to distribute among his friends. He was billed as "Mr. Fortescue, his first appearance," and was applauded rapturously by the audience. Afterwards, desiring to adopt the stage as a profession, after a struggle he got into a stock company at Farnham, Surrey. After four months he left the troupe and went with Jackson's company and played leading parts. Subsequently he joined the Shakespearean Club which gave performances at the St. James Drury Lane and other London theaters.

Couldock here essayed a go to Herbert Gregory's Othello, Anthony to his Shylock, and Hamlet to his Falstaff, meeting with more or less success. In 1844 he joined the Edinburgh Theater Company, the same year that Lester Wallack and William Davidge became members of the organization. He played a winter and summer season with this company, and then joined Prof. Anderson's forces at Glasgow. In two weeks the theater was burned. He played first Sir Giles Overreach. He remained with the Royal four years, and during that time acted with MacReady, Cardenhorff, Keane, Mme. Vestris, Charlotte Cushman and others.

On September 15, 1849, Couldock arrived in this city, and in the principal cities of this country, and when Charlotte Cushman returned to Europe he became leading man at the Walnut Street Theater, Philadelphia. Since then he has been prominently identified with the American stage, playing with Laura Keane, Jefferson, Southern and others. Couldock was best known as Dunston Kirke in "Hazel Kirke," which part he had played over one thousand times.

CREDITORS LOCK HORNS.

CATTLE KING GILLETTE'S LEAVINGS IN A NASTY SNARL.

The Million and a Half of Losses is Being Increased—Thousands of Heads of Stock Perishing for Want of Feed and Water—His Ex-brilliance Has Skipped to Join Sagasta.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 27.—A special to the Times from Abilene, Kan., says the creditors of Grant C. Gillette, the cattle king, who left for parts unknown last week, spent Sunday struggling over the wreck which he left behind. It has developed into a case of every man for himself, and the result is a worse snarl than ever. Each commission firm which holds Gillette's paper seems to devote the most of its time in checkingmate the others. In the mean time losses are piling on losses, and the \$1,500,000 estimated liabilities may go even beyond that amount.

There is no one to feed or water the thousands of cattle at the Gillette farm here, and while the creditors of the failed magnate are quibbling among themselves the cattle in the stalls are dying for want of water and feed. The employees on the ranch have deserted their posts. On a side track are twenty carloads more of herefords and shorthorns suffering in the storm, with no one to care for them. They had arrived on the date of the failure.

HIS TEXAS PURCHASES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PORT WORTH (Tex.) Nov. 27.—Grant C. Gillette, the Kansas "cattle king," is well known in Texas. During the present year he bought from Texas cattlemen nearly fifty thousand head of cattle, paying for them \$2,500,000.

JOINING OTHER WRECKERS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 27.—A special to the Journal from Woodbine, Kan., says: "Grant C. Gillette, the 'cattle king,' so called, whose failure last week was the cause of the quibbling among the creditors of the live-stock trade, is believed to be on his way to Spain."

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Night Dispatches Condensed.

Passengers of the St. Louis and Southwestern train that reached Dallas, Tex., last night give the details of a street fight that occurred at Dallas Springs on that line in Texas yesterday afternoon, in which Constable James Driver and his son David were killed, and Ben Boone, a prominent resident, was mortally wounded. The affair resulted from a trivial matter.

A Green Bay (Wis.) dispatch says the schooner Ida lies near Little Tail Point light, sunk in about ten feet of water. It is believed she is a complete loss. Her crew of nine men and six horses have been drowned. Capt. Nels Zink of Green Bay, owner of the boat, was sailing her.

He Saw a President.

[Chicago Chronicle:] Nothing can down the small boy. He is the monarch of all he surveys, and if his position is such that he cannot survey he changes it. It is the small boy with nerve and a desire to "get there" who grows up to be a Dewey, a President McKinley or a Jay Gould. The jubilee



The Best Five-dollar Suits

For Boys of from 8 to 16 Years.

We make a specialty of Boys' Double-breasted Knee Pants Suits at the above price. Nineteenth of the mothers in this section know that we sell the best. Are you one of the other tenth? If so, call and see these suits.

\$5—The Latest Styles—\$5
\$5—The Best Made—\$5

Mullen, Bluett & Co.,

N. W. Corner
First and Spring.

THERE IS A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF SATISFACTION IN KNOWING THAT YOU OBTAIN THE BEST FOR YOUR MONEY

La Preferencia Cigars

ARE A STAPLE ARTICLE AND CAN BE BOUGHT OF ALL LEADING DEALERS

THEY ARE MADE OF THE CHOICEST MATERIAL BY FIRST-CLASS CUBAN AND AMERICAN HANDWORKMEN AND ACKNOWLEDGED EVERYWHERE AS

THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY

TRADE SUPPLIED BY

S. BACHMAN & Co., SAN FRANCISCO

EUGENE VALLENS & Co., Makers

....Specialists....

...STRICTLY RELIABLE...
DR. TALCOTT & CO.

Practice confined exclusively to genito-urinary diseases of

MEN ONLY.

We are always willing to wait for our Fee Until Cure is Effected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for every body. We occupy the entire Wells-Fargo building with the most completely equipped office and hospital west of New York for the accommodation of out-of-town patients and others wishing to remain in the city during treatment. Correspondence cheerfully answered, giving full information. Cor. 3d and Main Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.



...LOW FEES. QUICK CURES...

Enlarged, Swollen Veins, Piles and Rupture.

We guarantee to cure enlarged veins usually found on the left side, in one week. Rupture and Piles cured without pain or detention from business. Trusses properly fitted, weakness, prematureness, inflammation and all diseases of a private nature a specialty. Treating absolutely nothing else but this class of diseases, with an experience from the largest practice on the Pacific Coast, together with every appliance and instrument in use for successful treatment, we are certainly better prepared for quick and sure results than others. We make no charge for consultation, examination or advice, Over Wells-Fargo.

COUNTRY ABLAZE.

Property Burning Up in Oklahoma and Indian Territory.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 27.—A special to the Republic from Perry, Okla., says that prairie fires have played havoc in Oklahoma and the Indian Territory for the last few days. One farmer lost 100 acres of fine hay in the field, several hundred bales of cotton and 500 head of cattle and hogs. He estimates his loss at \$20,000. Millions of tons of hay in bale and in bulk have been burned in other sections, and no less than 100 residences have been destroyed.

Several lives have been lost in these prairie fires. In the Kiowa Indian Reservation, a strip of land 30x75 miles was burned, causing great damage.

A Chicago Girl's Frigate.

[Chicago Chronicle:] The girls were talking about bicycle riding and telling of the accidents that had befallen them. When it came Miss Pitt's turn, she painfully changed her position on the easy chair and said:

"In the five years I have been riding a wheel I never was seriously hurt until a week ago, and I suppose you girls will say I wasn't hurt then. I was going home from a friend's house when my light went out. It was only three blocks to my home and as the road was good all the way and policemen are scarce in that neighborhood I thought the rest of the distance could be scooped in safety, and away I flew. It was on Washington avenue, where the shade trees are so thick that the portions of the road between the lamp posts are in deep shadow."

"Bending over the handle-bars, I was making it when right under my front wheel I saw a horrible black hole. There was no time to turn out; I could only brace every muscle and take chances on landing all in a heap."

"I was the worst demoralized being you ever saw and I wobbled along nearly a block before my nerves would permit me to go back and examine that hole."

"When I did I found it was nothing but a ragged piece of black tar paper lying on the perfectly smooth roadway. Well, it gave me the worst jolt I ever received and it hurts me yet."

He Saw a President.

[Chicago Chronicle:] Nothing can down the small boy. He is the monarch of all he surveys, and if his position is such that he cannot survey he changes it. It is the small boy with nerve and a desire to "get there" who grows up to be a Dewey, a President McKinley or a Jay Gould. The jubilee

ball and the jubilee parade and all the other jubilee events inspired him with such a desire to be around persons at once that he probably will never recover. One small boy named George answers this description.

He is employed as errand boy for one of the leading Chicago newspapers and enjoyed many jubilee opportunities that a boy in any other line of work did not receive. One of them, and in his eyes the greatest of all, was to be called upon to attend the ball with several other boys, in the capacity of "copy" carrier for the various reporters sent to cover the affair. George worked industriously for some time, but just before the entrance of the President at 10:30 o'clock he disappeared. Now was seen until attention was called to the President's box as he entered, when the reporters discovered him sitting next the President's chair, in Mrs. Potter Palmer's box, which was otherwise unoccupied, with as dignified an air as ever Tan Emory or Mr. McArthur assumed. When Mrs. Palmer appeared behind the curtains George arose and offered her his chair, bowing low beneath her smiles.

"How did you get up the courage, George?" one

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

H. G. OTIS, President.
HARRY CHANDLER, Vice President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER, Managing Editor.
ALBERT MC FARLAND, Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor. Mails 29
Editorial Rooms, third floor. Mails 27
City Editor and local news room, second floor. Mails 28
Washington Bureau—46 Post Building.
Eastern Agents—Williams & Lawrence 91 Tribune Bldg., New York; 87 Washington St. Chicago.

Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Seventeenth Year

The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE—OVER 33,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES
AND FROM 18,500 TO 21,000 WIRED WORLD DAILY.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50
a year; SUNDAY, \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

Sworn Circulation: Daily Net Average for 1898 18,091
Daily Net Average for 1897 19,258
Sunday Net Average for 1898 35,361
Daily Average for 18 months of 1898 19,630
Sunday Average for 10 months of 1898 33,982
NEARLY 600,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES. Mistakes Will Happen.
BURBANK. Olivette.
ORPHEUM. Vaudeville.

THE REFORM OF A LEGISLATIVE ABUSE.

The Sacramento Record-Union has compiled a timely article, showing the number and compensation of officers and employees of the two houses of the Legislature, under the old law, and under the new statute regulating that matter. From the figures given it appears that the "pickings" will be comparatively slim at the coming session, thanks to the sweeping reform that has been inaugurated under the new law, and that the saving to the State will amount to a large sum.

Under the old law, the biennial rush of petty place-seekers to the State capital, upon the assembling of each Legislature, amounted to a public scandal. Places paying large salaries, but requiring little or no labor in return, were dealt out as a reward for political services in a most shameless manner, and thousands of dollars of the public money were thus wasted upon men who had no claim upon the State, and whose services were not needed by the State. Men were appointed at a compensation of \$8 per day, whose sole duty it was to wind a clock or to attend a certain door in the State Capitol. The new law has done away with a large proportion of these abuses, though doubtless it would be found upon a careful review of the subject, that there is still ground for retrenchment in this respect.

The new law places upon the custodian of the Capitol the entire responsibility for the portering, cleaning, lighting and heating of the building. As the Record-Union pertinently remarks, "the grand army of clock-winders, superfluous porters, pages, and numberless other employees who have been heretofore engaged by the Legislature, will be notable by reason of its absence in the forthcoming session," while "clerks, messengers and pages, porters, assistant clerks and typewriters will not at the approaching session be so thick in the halls of legislation that they will fall over each other in the effort to pass through the corridors."

It appears from the compilation made by the Record-Union that whereas in former years members of both houses had about sixty-eight \$8 a day jobs to give out, the two houses will now have, jointly, only two such jobs to dispose of—one to be drawn by the secretary of the Senate, the other by the chief clerk of the Assembly. Each branch of the Legislature will, under the present law, have the disposal of fourteen \$6 a day places, "and those who come late will be obliged to put up with \$5, \$4, \$3, or \$2.50 places, and failing in this, will be cast upon the cold charity of an unsympathetic world."

The secretary of the Senate and the chief clerk of the Assembly may employ temporary assistance, if authorized to do so by a vote of four-fifths of their respective houses.

Another good, wise provision of the new law is that relating to the organization of the Legislature. Under the old law a vast army of attaches of the preceding Legislature invaded Sacramento, for the purpose of assisting in opening the new Legislature, receiving heavy mileage fees therefor. The following provision of the new law effectually does away with this clumsy and unnecessary proceeding:

"Section 27.—The secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the Assembly, the minute clerks and the sergeant-at-arms of each house, for any session, must, at the next succeeding session of the body, perform the duties of their office until their successors are elected and qualified. Said officers, and no others, shall be allowed mileage. The secretary of the Senate may appoint a postmaster, three gatekeepers and three pages. The chief clerk of the assembly may appoint a postmaster, three gatekeepers and three pages. The sergeant-at-arms of the Senate and of the Assembly may each appoint an assistant sergeant-at-arms. There shall be no other officers or employees of either house until the permanent organization is completed. Such officers shall serve only until said permanent organization is completed."

The total saving under the new law will be about \$1330 per day; the former expense on account of employees being \$1826 per day and those under the present law \$496 per day. Thirteen hundred and thirty dollars per day is a sum worth saving.

Spain is determined to hold out to the last, and it begins to look as if she had arrived at that terminal.

GETTING OUR NAME UP.

LOS ANGELES AND Southern California are beginning to attract a considerable amount of attention in Europe. An English commercial paper, Sell's Commercial Intelligence, recently published a letter from a Los Angeles correspondent, in which a flattering picture is drawn of the present and future prospects of Los Angeles as a great commercial center, the object being to draw the attention of British dealers to possible openings for trade in this direction. The writer shows that, while a few years ago, the population tributary to Los Angeles was less than 100,000, the district being practically tributary to San Francisco, there is now a population of 600,000, which regards this city as its commercial center. The writer goes on to show that the oriental trade, now centering at San Francisco, will be diverted to Los Angeles, because San Francisco has but one transcontinental railway, while Los Angeles is one day nearer Chicago, and the cost of shipping freight to the eastern States is less, owing to the easy grades across the mountains, and freedom from snow blockades. The correspondent adds: "This district will support a population of many millions of people, and the completion of the Nicaragua Canal will soon bring the population. Apart from the local matters the American conquests in the East, the new wants which a new civilization will bring to the 600,000,000 of people on the Pacific, the completion of the trans-Siberian railway, the forward movement in China, and many other factors will largely affect business conditions in California, and more especially in Los Angeles. Los Angeles will have a greatly-increased commerce, and will be the center of the South American republics and the Orient. The North German Lloyd Steamship Company is arranging to run steamers between some California ports, probably Los Angeles or San Francisco, and ports in China and Japan. A line of steamers could build up a good trade between Southern California and Central and South American ports. There are mountains of iron ore and inexhaustible deposits of coal within 300 miles of Los Angeles, on the railroad to Salt Lake City, now under construction. The development of these deposits will result in the establishment of iron and steel industries here to supply the markets of the Far East."

Outsiders are beginning to realize the brilliant future in store for Los Angeles even more clearly than do many of our own people.

FOOLISH CHATTER.

The San Francisco Examiner is printing a great deal of nonsense about the possible candidacy of Dan Burns for the United States Senate. Here is a specimen paragraph from its issue of last Saturday:

"All the politicians agree that if Col. Burns desires the office, he can have it. This is candidly admitted by all the avowed candidates. A number of members-elect to the Legislature called upon the colonel yesterday, and asked him if he would say that he desired the position. His reply was that he was not a candidate. But he did not say he would not accept it if he was the choice of a majority of the Legislature."

Of course this is not pure and simple rot; that is fantastic in its rotteness; rot that is idiotic, insane, stupid and asinine. The people of California will never consent to the election of a political boss to the United States Senate whose only claim upon the office is that he has a fabulously rich mine in Mexico, and consequently a large "sack," and that he is a rather clever worker of delegates to political conventions. A man who nominates Arnolds to office through wicked combinations in conventions, is not the sort of man to represent a great State in the greatest body of lawmakers in the world, and all this talk about such a proposition is simply making the situation ridiculous—which is the undoubted purpose of the people and the newspapers that engage in the conversation. When California elects a man to the Senate, he will be one who will reflect credit upon the State and its people, and not, on the contrary, quite the reverse.

Tom Platt had a conference with Roosevelt after election, and the Chicago Times-Herald notes the fact that Platt has been in a sanitarium at Lakewood, N. J., ever since. And yet some people seem to think that Platt is still boss.

If Brigham H. Roberts, Utah's Representative-elect in Congress, is wise he will not take more than one of his wives to Washington at a time. He will find plenty of replicas lingering about the capital.

PRACTICAL MERCANTILE EDUCATION.

If the merchants and manufacturers of the United States are to be benefited by the new territory which we have recently acquired from Spain, they must not be satisfied to sit down and let "nature take its course." The mere fact of ownership, or control, of those countries by the United States will not insure us any largely increased trade, unless we take means to push our goods, in competition with those of other countries. In this respect we may gather some useful lessons from European countries, which have been building up an immense trade, under great difficulties, by reducing foreign commerce to a science.

A writer in a French review shows that the great strides made by Germany in foreign commerce are largely due to the well-managed system of "export unions" in that country. In one of these—the Saxon Export Union—which may serve as a model for the rest, the union fee is less than \$5, for which each subscriber receives the publications of the union and a square meter of space at the union's annual exposition in Dresden. Agents of the union are sent all over the world. They collect and send home samples, study goods, tastes, methods of transportation, systems of payment, credits, etc. First of all, the territory is investigated. If necessary, agents will be sent to reconnoiter, so to speak. For such purposes, nearly \$100,000 was expended between 1886 and 1895. The first trip was to Venezuela, Peru, Bolivia and Chile; the next, to eastern Europe; the third covered Mexico, Canada, the West Indies and Cuba; the fourth, Japan; the fifth, Africa.

All this is as true of other unions as it is of the Saxon. In Berlin, a number of unions work hand in hand with the government to aid exports. Even the Central Union for Commercial Geography, a semi-scientific institution, works to aid German exports. There are export banks and export journals, and more important still, the colonial societies, which have agents in many of the world's leading cities. There is a union for international markets, that holds two meetings annually.

The German commercial agent is active, wide-awake and well educated. If, for instance, a stranger comes to Hamburg to purchase goods, he finds not only what he wants at the commission merchants, but men who are able to explain everything to him in his own language, the agent being often master of five or more languages. Boys, who have often not been outside of their native province in Germany, speak English, French, Spanish and Italian. To this, as much as to any other factor, is attributable the great success of Germany in foreign trade.

American merchants and manufacturers can well afford to take a hint from this wide-awake commercial policy of a sedate and conservative nation.

It will not be surprising if the insurgents shall resist for a time the annexation of the Philippines by the United States. No doubt vast hordes of them have been led to believe that release from the yoke of Spain meant independence for them, and they will not readily submit to foreign authority again. The lack of intelligence among them and the difficulty of reaching them except through the leaders who are interested in the movement for independence, will add to the difficulty of the problem. It is not, therefore, at all certain that the "Philippine question" will have been wholly solved when the United States and Spain have reached an agreement.

Undoubtedly Congressman Cannon is right in his opinion that there should be no unnecessary haste in formulating legislation for the government of the possessions acquired by the war. The centralized, flexible character of military government is better calculated to the new and changing conditions which must exist for a time among the acquired subjects. Meanwhile, the legislative requirements may be studied and digested, so that blundering may be avoided in the establishment of a more permanent form of civil polity.

It would be interesting to an inquisitive public to know what President McKinley and President Iglesias talked about on Saturday during their long interview. It would be pretty safe guess, however, to assume that Señor Iglesias left the White House with a better understanding of the Nicaragua Canal question than he had previously. President McKinley is not accustomed to spend two hours talking about the weather with a visitor.

There is little reason to doubt that there was crookedness in the Corbett-Sharkey fiasco, but if the Lenox Athletic Club can dig any documentary evidence to prove more definitely the nature of the deal, let it do so. These pugilistic fakirs should be shown up in a way that will make it impossible for them again to impose themselves upon the attention of a long-suffering public.

The American Peace Commissioners are justly given credit for showing good judgment and marked firmness in dealing with the Spaniards, but, without detracting from the credit due them, it is at the same time to be borne in mind that their judgment and firmness are the reflection of the master mind at Washington, which is behind them in all their decisions.

It is fortunate for the peace of the world that the audience at Messina, before whom the symphony composed by Emperor William was played, was satisfied with giving "unmistakable signs of displeasure," and did not go

so far as to declare it to be a casus belli. None of the hisses have been arrested for lese majeste, for which they are in large luck.

One of the results of the general Republican success at the polls at the recent election, is a general improvement of business conditions. Dun's Review reports payments through the clearinghouses to be far the largest ever known, being 37.3 per cent. larger for the week ending November 19, than for the corresponding week last year.

The Denver Post claims that a Rough Rider has been elected to Congress from California. Somebody has been filling our esteemed contemporary with prunes, for he didn't come anywhere near being elected. In fact, there was no Rough Rider running for Congress in California.

The fact that another attempt has been made on the life of the Czar would make it appear that the Russian monarch's disarmament prophecies were not made in good faith, according to the notion of somebody who is something of a plotter himself.

A poem is floating around the country entitled, "Remember How to Smile." It is not necessary to print it in California. They are all smiling out this way with the same old familiar crook in the elbow and eyes tilted at an angle of 45 deg.

The British are talking of erecting a statue of Washington, to be placed in Trafalgar Square. This makes it seem almost possible that some day the people of the North may erect a statue in Washington to the memory of Jefferson Davis.

According to the Herald that great statesman and political disorganizer, W. F. X. Parker, has come out strong for Mr. Bulla for the United States Senate. That would seem to settle it, and at the same time settle the hash of Mr. Bulla.

Our esteemed fusion contemporary, the Herald, finally comes out with a defense of Mr. Wright and his irrigation law, which has more holes in it than substance. But the defense merely adds to the wreck a few more holes.

Although the Maria Teresa was abandoned because she was sinking, that vessel floated 125 miles. The more the American people think about that Maria Teresa fiasco the madder they get.

One week from today the voters of Los Angeles will proceed to elect Fred Eaton Mayor, and the other good men and true who are in the running with him on the Republican ticket.

When Pans, Ill., has a peace jubilee it will be time enough to think that the war is over. Of course, Gov. Tanner will be given a front seat at the performance.

Spain wants \$100,000,000 for the Philippines, but the difference between what she wants and what she will get amounts to something like \$80,000,000.

The Empress of China is said to have large feet. The date of her escape from Chicago has not been made public up to the hour of locking up the forms.

New York girls are now kissing the winners at the horse show. As we are shortly to have a horse show in Los Angeles, girls, here is a pointer for you.

Blanco has resigned in favor of Gen. Jimenez Castellanos. It is not profane, therefore, to remark that the island will now be governed by Jimenez.

The Spaniards have reversed one of Thomas Jefferson's ten rules of life. They always put off till tomorrow what can be done today.

Thomas B. Reed is not making much noise nowadays. It is not probable, however, that he is sawing a little wood for next season.

England evidently has no fear of any old drebbled continent centie up if she and the United States can get together in a zweibund.

The word "ultimatum" is about the most difficult of all in use in the English language for the Spanish commissioners to understand.

"Constant Reader" is informed that the "open-door" policy of which much is being said just now, does not refer to the saloon question.

Chauncey M. Depew would make an interesting contributor to our esteemed Washington contemporary, the Congressional Record.

Mr. Bailey of Texas, the Democratic leader in the House, will hereafter confine himself to leading Mr. Bailey of Texas.

The Wisconsin is the biggest battleship yet, but just what Uncle Sam builds the California!

We beg to suggest to Señor Rios that a trifling poco tiempo business is strictly in order.

TRAIN WENT THROUGH.

Disaster to a Fast Freight on the Norfolk and Western.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
ROANOKE (Va.) Nov. 27.—A north-bound fast freight on the Norfolk and Western Railroad went through a bridge near Riverside today. Fireman Joseph Stevens was killed, brakeman David Winger fatally injured and Engineer Stephen Mayo seriously scalded. The bridge was under construction at the time of the accident, and it is reported that several of the bridge workers were injured more or less seriously.

BOILED ALIVE.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

lower deck, was blown into the water and had to swim ashore after his back was horribly scalded.

Louis Brizzolara, in company with Charles Maggini and wife, was standing near the pilot-house. The force threw him to one side, but not until he had been badly burned about the body. Fortunately Maggini and his wife escaped without so much as a scratch, though both were thrown down by the concussion.

The moment the work of rescuing the injured commenced, Mrs. Francis Robinson of No. 113 1/2 Harrison street, San Francisco, a trained and experienced nurse, assumed charge, and throughout all of the excitement administered to the wants of those who were the worst injured. Although only partly dressed, she began her noble work. Flour and lard were applied to the scalded men to relieve their suffering. After she had somewhat eased them, she returned to her stateroom and finished dressing.

In a few moments she again appeared on the lower deck to look after the wants of the deckhands, Engineer Henry, his wife, Capt. Tulan and Brizzolara being in the charge of friends or relatives. All of them were calling for water, and there was much confusion. The nurse immediately gave orders and so directed everything that much of the pain and suffering was reduced. The passengers find insufficient words of praise for the brave woman's actions. Mrs. C. H. Keagle of the city also assisted the injured persons.

About an hour after the explosion occurred, the passenger steamer Dauntless, owned by the Union Transportation Company, coming from San Francisco, hove in sight. She rendered immediate assistance, and all the wounded and injured were taken aboard.

A telephone message was sent to this city and the little steamer Clara Crow, with several physicians and medicines and bandages, was sent to meet the Dauntless. The relief boat met the Dauntless a short distance from the river. The physicians were quickly taken on board. A ferriole sight greeted their eyes. Capt. Tulan was breathing his last. Mrs. Henry was lying in the ladies' cabin, and every effort was made to relieve her suffering. Brizzolara was tossing on a bed in a stateroom.

On the lower deck the injured employees of the boat were located. Moans and screams which could not be repressed, issued from the bruised and blistered men. Everything possible was done to relieve their terrible agony.

One of the remarkable escapes is that of Capt. Henry Potvine, who was at the wheel of the Walker when the explosion occurred. The pilot-house was torn away, but he was not dangerously injured, though somewhat scalded about the lower limbs.

Among the passengers who were aboard the ill-fated steamer, were John York and wife, R. G. W. Fyfe, A. H. Wright, Mrs. Geagle, Moses Marks, Mrs. Carl Simon, Miss Ila Green, Miss Anna Budlong, Messrs. Koning, Robinson V. Quayle, White, Caloris, Wagner, Pyle, Gates, McGuck, Strother, L. Hicks, Claremont, Klingman, Ojeda, Brown, Twist, Baldwin, McCay, Gomasky Gilbert, Zabel, Keith, Trimble, Coysevell, Bell, Ferguson, Stramm, Medardo Garcia, Dr. Hutton, C. J. Bezore, W. L. Huskin, R. K. Thomas, Henry G. Poljo, F. M. Love, T. S. Johnson, F. C. Kiclow, J. H. Grith, J. B. Warner, M. Harner, W. H. Ampey, D. O. Harrelson, H. B. Chalmers, D. M. Aldrich, J. Fitzgibbon, J. Davidson, D. B. Christie, E. B. Gould, M. L. Schiff, M. Smythe, Joseph Uster, Sullivan, Mmes. Gianni, Shea, F. Gianni, Elliott, Simmonds, Foley, Morken, W. H. Wooden, Wilson, Miss Goldberg, Miss A. Johnson, Miss Webster, Miss Kishyan, Miss S. Ebberts.

At 8 o'clock last night the Walker ran into a mud-bank near Benicia. Shortly after the steamer had been gotten off, John York and his wife, passengers, heard a noise which they supposed to be escaping steam. No attention was paid to it, however. What caused the explosion will probably never be known. The steam-drum had burst with terrible violence. It had split completely across the upper portion, and the whole sheet turned outward.

The four walls of the engine-room were demolished by the force of the explosion. The lower deck, hurricane deck and Texas deck were wrecked in the portions directly over the engine-room. The direction of the flying debris was upward and outward toward the bow. If it had been the other way, the loss of life would have been much greater. The forward doors and stairway were destroyed. A great crowd of people met the Walker, which was towed in at 12:30 p.m.

The property loss will not exceed \$2000.

In consequence of the disabling of the Peters and the Walker, the Navigation Company has no boat to send to San Francisco tonight on the scheduled trip. At present they have but one boat running, the Mary Garrett, which left San Francisco at 6 o'clock this evening for Stockton.

T. H. J. Corcoran, which has been laid up for the winter, will be put on in place of the Walker within a day or two.

At 9:30 p.m., a report was received from the County Hospital to the effect that G. Foppiano was injured internally, and his recovery is in doubt. His son has arrived from San Francisco and is now with him. Jack Holberg is reported to be in a precarious condition. His brother, who was called from Sacramento, is with him. With the exception of these two men no further fatalities are feared.

BULGER'S TESTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—John K. Bulger, assistant United States

cal inspector of boilers, said tonight that the boilers of the T. C. Walker were tested last April to a hydraulic pressure of 250 pounds to the square inch and registered for a pressure of 170 pounds. The boilers were made in 1882 and were in excellent condition, as was demonstrated by careful tests. Fifteen years is a safe life for such class of boilers, he said, and those of the Walker had never been subjected to great strain in their six years' work.

The officers of the California Navigation and Improvement Company in this city are at a loss to account for the disaster, as they considered the vessel's boilers to be all right.

POLITICS.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS TONIGHT.
Second Ward, West End Hall, No. 1038 1-2 Temple street; Al Graham, chairman. Speakers—J. D. Works, J. H. Phillips, Councilman C. H. Toill, Walter F. Hans, William A. White, Lafayette Martindale, Ed. A. Baker, Councilman Fred L. Baker, William Chambers.

Third Ward, corner Seventh and Alvarado streets; R. D. Holabird, chairman. Speakers—Byron L. Oliver, Hon. H. C. Gooding, Fred Eaton, Ben E. Ward, John Drains, W. A. Hartwell, Frank H. Olmsted, Louis F. Vetter, R. L. Horton.

L. C. Tyler, the fusion nominee for Councilman for the Third Ward, has prepared a circular letter to voters of the ward, in which he asks for their support. He has the request upon the ground that he "is now and has been for years a substantial taxpayer."

Mr. Tyler may be a very estimable citizen in private life, but his desire for office has certainly led him into making a statement that is, to say the least, equivocal and misleading. It is true that the assessment rolls of the city show that Mr. Tyler pays the taxes upon his home place, No. 135 Grand avenue, but the county records show that the title to this property is not in Mr. Tyler, but in his wife. This circumstance seems significant, first, because this property is the only real estate in this city upon which Mr. Tyler pays taxes, and, second, because his business career before coming to Los Angeles appears to afford a reason why his homestead should be in his wife's name rather than his own.

Mr. Tyler, who has reached the mature age of 61, was formerly engaged in business in Memphis, Tenn., as a member of the firm of Stone & Tyler, cotton factors. The firm made a general assignment in January, 1881, and it is said that the failure cost Mr. Tyler that he had. Indeed it is reported that some of the firm's indebtedness is still unpaid. Mrs. Tyler is understood to have inherited some money, and this presumably afforded the means for the investment in the present home in the Third Ward.

These circumstances would be quite immaterial at the time if Mr. Tyler were not seeking to gain support upon the ground that he is a taxpayer. Recipients of his circular letter will observe that he does not assert in it that he is a property-owner. In view of the facts stated the distinction is quite a material one.

It may be stated further that although Mr. Tyler has resided in this city for five years he has never been identified with any of the institutions that are doing so much to advance the city's interests. Most "substantial taxpayers" manifest their interest in these organizations by earnest support.

Mr. Tyler has apparently chosen unwisely in selecting the grounds upon which to appeal to the voters of the Third Ward for their support at the coming election. A Democratic paper of this city is authority for the statement that Mr. Tyler's nomination for Councilman was received with raptures by citizens of the ward, irrespective of party.

Mr. Tyler should be careful not to spoil the good impression created by his debut in politics.

Frank H. Olmsted, the Republican nominee for City Engineer, has made an unusually fine record in his profession. His professional skill and ability are sufficiently shown by the positions he has held in the past sixteen years. These have been as follows:

1881—Locating engineer, Mexican National Railway, Vera Cruz to Jalapa, Mex.
1882—Locating engineer, Mexican Central Railroad, Lagos to Aguascalientes, Mex.
1882-83—Assistant engineer, United States army, at charge of the Mississippi River Improvement, Texas Fort, Natchez, to Vicksburg, Miss.
1884-85—Assistant engineer, Couer d'Alene and Spokane Flume Co., Shoshone county, Idaho.
1885-87—Chief engineer Couer d'Alene Railway and Navigation Company (now branch of N. P. R. R.) Spokane Falls, Wash.

1887 to 1892—Headquarters in Los Angeles city, assistant to Fred Eaton, City Engineer, assistant to the City Engineer, Southern California Railway Company, on bridge work, etc.

Chief engineer, Santa Ana and Newport Railway, Santa Ana, Cal.
Designed plan for Santa Ana city water system, successfully constructed.
1892-94—Chief draughtsman (executive position) Chicago Sanitary District Drainage Channel.
1894-95—Private practice in Los Angeles, Cal. Chief engineer Kern-Rand Electric Company, Secretary and Treasurer Engineers and Architects Association of Southern California.

William A. White, Republican nominee for City Collector, is making a vigorous campaign and is meeting with most encouraging support. He has earned a reputation in this city which entitles him to the confidence of the public. For the past four years he has been a deputy under Sheriff Burr and has filled almost every position in the department, both civil and criminal. He has the name of being a careful, trustworthy and conscientious in the discharge of his duties. For two years prior to entering the Sheriff's office he was manager of the Free Box Bureau, receiving his appointment from the City Council and the Board of Supervisors. He was the first to hold this position, which he filled most satisfactorily. He is probably acquainted with more workmen than any other man in the city. Mr. White has been a resident of Los Angeles for the past ten years. Before coming here he had quite a wide business experience. He was a real estate dealer in Kansas City and was also engaged at one time in the lumber business in Colorado. His training has well fitted him for the office for which he is a candidate.

American Energy at Chiriqui.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Standard publishes a special article this morning dealing with the report of the recent concessions secured by the United States at Chiriqui in the department of Panama, Colombia. The writer says: "Great Britain was advised to secure a harbor there in 1823, and her rejection of this advice must be placed among her lost opportunities. The strategical advantages of Chiriqui are important, and we may expect the American occupation to be something more than nominal. The incident is another proof of the energy and determination of the United States in pursuing the role of an imperial nation."

The Playhouses

ATTRACTIONS TONIGHT. Beginning tonight, the stage at the Los Angeles Theater will be held by one of the best companies of farcical comedians that has ever been got together. The company comes under the direction of Jacob Litt, and the play which they will present is "Mistakes Will Happen," one of the really great laughing successes of the season. With such names at the head of a cast as Charles Dickson and Henrietta Crossman, there is a certainty of a good performance, and when these two are assisted in their fun-making by such people as Nanette Comstock, Charles Harbury, Carrie Behr, Edmund Lawrence, Adah Eckert, Ben Deane and Franklin Garland, the performance is sure of being of that quality which the theater-goer often wishes for, but so seldom gets—par excellence. "Mistakes Will Happen" is a farcical comedy from the pen of Grant Stewart, one of the rising dramatic authors, and it is a clean and wholesome play from the first until the final curtain, with laughter predominating all the time.

Grau's Opera Company begins the fourth and last week of their season at the Burbank tonight, with a presentation of the bright comic opera "Olivette," which will also be sung Tuesday night and at the matinee Wednesday, Wednesday evening, "Boccaccio" will be repeated. The repertoire for the remainder of the season has not been definitely decided upon and will be announced later in the week. "Mikado" was given last night by special request. The house was again crowded and it would seem that the pretty production could run indefinitely to big business. It is often hoped that "Mikado" will be chosen for one of the last nights.

At the Orpheum, the new bill is headed by Flo Irwin, who comes with Walter Hawley, a merry comedy skit entitled "The Gay Miss Con." Another author-vocalist will appear in the person of James H. Cullen. The four Florences, two men and two women, will furnish the acrobatic feature of the bill. The biograph will return with a set of new pictures, and Frank and Don will do a burlesque prize fight. The hold-overs are Pauline Hall, Durno, the magician, and Forman and Howlett, the banjoists.

THE SPIRIT OF AUTUMN.

The Spirit of Autumn is painting full many a leaf with gold;
The cheeks of the apples are ruddy, and Summer is growing old;
This turbulent Spirit tosses, heedless of nature's frown,
Many a leaf, from orchard and sheaf, sapless, withered and brown.

Many a golden scepter waves in the evening sky,
From wanted trail the crested quail flock to the stubbles nigh;
The birds that sang their roundelay's in June's full promise glad,
In twilight glow, chirp soft and low, as though their hearts were sad.

The bronzed corn, clad in armor, defying human hands,
Stands well arrayed with stiffened blade, guarding the golden seed;
The blue in the dome of Summer dulls to a somber gray,
Gently the windmills murmur for only a night or a day—
Then, changeable Spirit of Autumn, music and life you bring,
Bath in dappled sun the vales and hills lay in the lap of Spring.

M. E. DUDLEY.

KILLED BY CONVICT.

Chief Deputy at Birmingham Murdered by a Fugitive.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
BIRMINGHAM (Ala.) Nov. 27.—Chief Deputy John Warnock of this city was shot and killed here today by Will Goldston, a negro.

Goldston is a murderer, sent up for life

The Times

THE WEATHER.

WEATHER FORECAST.
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—For Southern California: Fair Monday, fresh northwest wind.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The truth of the saying that "all signs fall in a dry time," is becoming discouragingly apparent in this section of your Uncle Samuel's domain.

The Western Graphic's Thanksgiving number is adorned with a very artistic cover, designed by Miss Mary Eleanor Curran, who was the designer of fiesta poster for 1897.

Hundreds of children in this city will mourn the loss of a heroic, energetic and faithful teacher in the death of Mrs. Thurston, late principal of the Custer-street school.

But one week more remains before the city election. Every voter should bear this in mind, and put in a portion of his time working for the election of the honest and capable men who have been nominated by the Republicans.

No town in Southern California has more assuring prospects before it than Santa Ana. The Federal government has officially recognized its growth by its decision to establish the free postal-delivery system there, and after February 1 next the citizens of that place will have their mail brought to their doors three times a day.

The convention of California fruit-growers, which will open in Fresno tomorrow, promises to be one of the largest and most important ever held. The question of marketing and increasing the demand for fruit will properly be given particular attention, and important recommendations are expected from Hon. Ellwood Cooper of Santa Barbara, in his annual address.

Hugh Craig, president of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, has started for Washington in order to work in the interest of the Nicaragua Canal at the approaching session of Congress. This suggests the question whether it is not time for the commercial bodies of Southern California, which have expressed a purpose to send a representative there, to carry out that purpose.

Two Insane.

Thomas Wilkins, a laborer, 22 years of age, and a native of England, arrived on the 9:45 o'clock train from Yuma last night, and was sent to the County Hospital as an insane person. The hospital authorities received a telegraphic message from Yuma early in the day, requesting them to meet the train and take charge of Wilkins. As yet it is not known where the man belongs, but it looks like a case of shifting the care of an undesirable patient onto Los Angeles county.

Foster Price, aged 28 years, a native of Arkansas, was also received at the County Hospital yesterday afternoon as a person of unsound mind. Price was a salesman by occupation, and has been in Los Angeles for about six years. Mrs. Price, wife of the unfortunate man, lives at No. 261 East Thirtieth-street.

Inquest on Townsend's Remains.

Coroner Campbell held an inquest yesterday afternoon at Breese Bros., on the remains of Alfred I. Townsend, who fell from the tank of his windmill Friday night, sustaining injuries from which he died without regaining consciousness. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death. Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been completed, interment being deferred until the arrival of the deceased's brother, J. R. Townsend, from the East.

The Time Was Too Slow.

[San Francisco Call:] When the United States officials were out here to investigate the Columbia, how Ernest Hogan, the "unbleached American" came to write the song "All Coons Look Alike to Me," a ditty which brought about fame and fortune to the clever colored comedian. It appears that he was sauntering leisurely along the colored quarter in Chicago one night after his turn one of the theatres. Hogan was passing a dance hall his attention was attracted by a party of his brethren, consisting of three females and as many males, who came tumbling down the steps of the terrace-roofed resort, the men brandishing razors of massive proportions, the feminine members of the brunette contingent being busily engaged in the laudable occupation of pulling out each other's hair. The fight was rudely interrupted, however, by an officer of Irish persuasion, who swooped down upon the six disturbers and also upon Hogan, who was intently watching the proceedings, and gathered them all in.

The next morning they were all brought into court to answer the charges and Hogan was the sorriest 'coon' of them all. He asked for a private talk with the judge and it was granted him. After he had explained who he was and that he was simply an innocent spectator of the fracas, a judge attested by the six guilty ones. Hogan was released at once, and taking his cue from Flaherty's remark composed the song, thus turning the incident to good account.

A Sudden Cure.

[Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post:] I remember hearing of a law court case where a man had entered an action against a railway company for an injury to his arm in an accident. Said the opposing lawyer: "I understand you have lost the use of your arm entirely through this accident."

"Yes," said the plaintiff. "Lawyer. How high can you lift your arm now?"

"Plaintiff with great difficulty moves it about an inch."

"How far could you lift it before the accident?"

"Right up there!"—at the same time shooting it right over his head.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

OF COURSE IT WAS.

CHASE FOR HARES UP NORTH YESTERDAY EXCITING.

Weather Was of Sacramento's Best Brand and the Dogs Were in Good Shape.

TWENTY-EIGHT OF 'EM RAN.

SKYLIGHT LED MAIL CARRIER WHICH BEAT CONSTABLE.

Last League Game for Porter's Park. Watsonville Wins It—Toledo to Have a Racing Boat. Glenheim Sold.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SACRAMENTO, Nov. 27.—There was a good attendance on the opening day of the coursing season at Agricultural Park today. The weather was soft and pleasant, the hares and hounds were in good shape, and the sport exciting. Betting on the various heats was quite brisk.

There will be weekly coursing during the winter. Twenty-eight dogs ran at today's meeting. Skylight won first, Mail Carrier second, Constable third, and Teddy Hale fourth money.

COAST BASEBALL.

Watsonville Wins the Last League Game on Home Grounds.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WATSONVILLE, Nov. 27.—Today's game of baseball drew a large attendance, this being the last league game to be played at Porter's Park this season. The Athletics of San Francisco and the Babes of Watsonville contested for the honors, the score standing 9 to 3 in favor of Watsonville.

Baltz and Hartman were the battery for the home team and Fitzpatrick and Lohman for the Athletics. Sweeney umpired the game. The most notable feature was the three-bagger made by Mertes of Chicago. Chance played on first base.

DONLIN'S EASY BALLS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—The Oaklanders beat the Santa Cruz baseball players in easy style today. Donlin began to pitch for Santa Cruz, but in three innings he allowed six hits, gave eight bases on balls, pitched wild twice and was responsible for eight runs. Then he was retired to center field and Whalen took his place in the box and pitched a fairly good game.

Oakland, 15; base hits, 7; errors, 3. Santa Cruz, 3; base hits, 9; errors, 6. Batteries—Moskman and Sullivan; Donlin, Whalen and Daubenbils. Umpire—McDonald.

AT SNOWFLAKE PARK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 27.—The last league game of the season in this city was played between the Gilt Edges and San Francisco at Snowflake Park today, and resulted in the defeat of the locals by a score of 8 to 6. The game throughout was listless, and aside from a almost miraculous capture of two foul flies, one by Hammond, the other by Brockoff, was featureless. Doyle and Shea were both effective, but neither were given championship support. Score: Gilt Edges, 6; base hits, 7; errors, 5. San Francisco, 8; base hits, 9; errors, 5. Batteries—Doyle and Stanley; Shea and O'Connell.

Toledo to Have a Boat.

TOLEDO, (O.) Nov. 27.—Joe Pulcut of Detroit will tomorrow begin work on Toledo's boat, which will race at Chicago for the Canadian cup. The boat is to be the property of a syndicate.

All Coons Look Alike to Me.

[San Francisco Call:] "It is not generally known," said Press Agent of the Columbia, "how Ernest Hogan, the 'unbleached American' came to write the song 'All Coons Look Alike to Me,' a ditty which brought about fame and fortune to the clever colored comedian. It appears that he was sauntering leisurely along the colored quarter in Chicago one night after his turn one of the theatres. Hogan was passing a dance hall his attention was attracted by a party of his brethren, consisting of three females and as many males, who came tumbling down the steps of the terrace-roofed resort, the men brandishing razors of massive proportions, the feminine members of the brunette contingent being busily engaged in the laudable occupation of pulling out each other's hair. The fight was rudely interrupted, however, by an officer of Irish persuasion, who swooped down upon the six disturbers and also upon Hogan, who was intently watching the proceedings, and gathered them all in.

The next morning they were all brought into court to answer the charges and Hogan was the sorriest 'coon' of them all. He asked for a private talk with the judge and it was granted him. After he had explained who he was and that he was simply an innocent spectator of the fracas, a judge attested by the six guilty ones. Hogan was released at once, and taking his cue from Flaherty's remark composed the song, thus turning the incident to good account."

THE ROSSLYN—the hotel of Los Angeles.

Is a name which stands for the highest grades in men's STOCKINGS

Full Line at 25c Sold Here.

London Clothing Co., 119 to 125 N. Spring St.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

THE ROSSLYN—pride of Los Angeles.

The largest Hat and Fur Store in Los Angeles.

It Don't Go Now

The class of people whom the late P. T. Barnum was wont to remark about "wanted to be humbugged" are getting scarcer every year. The days for CIRCUS advertising for anything BUT circuses is a thing of the past. The stores that are doing the business in all cities and towns today are the stores that are doing straight store business—stores that avoid getting an "elephant" on their hands; who don't "monkey" with fakes; who don't do any "lion" in their business, and who don't try to do a "dog" something but do the "camel" act and "hump" themselves all the time to get business and keep it. We have a good many animal skins made up into gloves from the dressed dogskin to undressed kids, at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. A pair of gloves will not only keep your hands warm, but smooth and soft, let the other chap's hands chap. Our celebrated \$3.00 hats are made from the fur of such animals as the seal, coney, nutria and beaver. You might go further and pay \$5.00 for the same hat, for no \$3.00 hat is made from better fur than our \$3.00 grades are.

321 Broadway, Los Angeles.

Holiday Books and Calendars

PARKER'S, 246 SOUTH BROADWAY.

(Near Public Library) The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago. The Rush Has Already Begun.

Today is a Cracker-jack for

SNAPS.

Grocery Department.

Pint bottles Home-made Tomato Catsup 9c
Bottle Mustard Horse Radish 14c
Pint Bottles Chow Chow, Mixed Pickles or Mexican Salsas 30c
Pint Bottles Table Salad Oil 22c
Cans Genuine Imported French Sardines 14c
Pint Bottles Eastern Pickled (Pearl) Onions 30c
French Peas, Imported 22c
Castle Soap, 4-lb. bars, Imported 30c
Pint Bottles 9-year-old Cognac 29c
Liquor Department.

Quart bottles 8-year-old Angell's 29c
Port, Sherry, Tokay Wine, 50c grade 73c
Pint bottles Old Bourbon Whisky 98c
Quart bottles 9-year-old Cognac 45c
Genuine Imported Ginger Ale, worth \$1.50 per dozen \$1.35
Grand Mousseux Champagne, pints, regular price 75c; now \$1.85
Apollinaire Water, per dozen 75c
Martell or Hennessy Cognac, 3-star per bottle 45c
5-year-old Table Claret, pint bottles, per gallon 45c
8-year-old Table Claret, 50c grade, per gallon 45c
We have a few choice wines left, the last of the stock. There are 50 in a box and formerly sold from \$1.25 to \$2.50 a box. You may have them while they last.

70c a box of 50 Cigars.

WE SHIP EVERYWHERE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

WM. CLINE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER.

128 South Spring Street.

Between First and Second Sts. Phone Main 529.

This Nail File 19c.

Our great sale of Silver Toilet Articles commences this morning. The prices are made very low in order to induce early Christmas buying. There are dozens of little things you've needed for a long time that you can now have at a trifling cost.

GENEVA WATCH & OPTICAL CO.

353 SOUTH SPRING STREET. 'Phone Brown 1312.

REAL ESTATE BOUGHT—SOLD—EXCHANGED.

Loans—Houses rented and collections made. Consultation freely accorded.

Wm. Ver Planck Newlin, Real Estate Bureau, 353 S. Bwy.

Reference by permission—National Bank of Cal. Columbia Savings Bank.

Eyes Hurt? Consult us. Fit and comfort assured.

245 S. Spring Street, Los Angeles.

Edward M. Boggs, CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEER.

535 Stimson Block, - Los Angeles.

BOSTON DRY STORE.

239 Broadway, Los Angeles.

Fur Scarfs and Fur Trimmings

We carry an enormous stock of Furs of every kind and have a fine assortment of the latest styles in Fur Scarfs and Fur Trimmings, in all widths. The following gives some idea of the qualities and the

Extremely Low Prices.

Black French Coney Fur, 25c yard.
Imitation Persian Lamb, special quality, 1, 1 1/2 and 2-inch wide, 50c, 65c, 75c yard.
One-inch Beaver and Otter, 75c.
Imitation Stone Marten, satin lined, 85c yard.
Extra Fine Electric Seal, eight tails, \$3.00 and \$4.00 each.
Imitation Stone Marten, eight tails, \$4.00 each.
Imitation Stone Marten, extra long, fancy lining, ten tails and two heads, \$8.00 each.

Fur Scarfs.

Fine Dark Mink Scarfs, eight and fifteen tails each and two heads, \$9.00 to \$18.00 each.
Real Stone Marten, very select, four tails and two heads, \$12.50 each.
Real Stone Marten, extra fine fur, six large tails, \$19.00 each.

Special Quality.

Stone Marten, s'x extra tails, two heads \$22.50.

Agents for Butterick Patterns.

H. JEVNE Crystallized Fruits.

To those who contemplate sending some California product to Eastern friends let us suggest Crystallized Fruit. It is delicious and sightly. It is packed in neat boxes and can be mailed or expressed with perfect assurance. The cost is very moderate. In making up your list of gifts remember this and get it in good time at Jevne's.

208-210 S. Spring St. - Wilcox Building.

"Just as Good"

as the Glenwood Range or the Belleville Steel Range.

That is what may be claimed for many other makes by some dealers, but why take chances? The standards themselves can be found with

JAMES W. HELLMAN, Successor to W. C. FURRY CO.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

157 and 161 North Spring Street, - Los Angeles, Cal.

CONCERNING CHRISTMAS.

Here will center for the next few weeks some very important Christmas ideas—Every counter will have its suggestion and every box a hint.

The gathering of Christmas merchandise has been going on in every quarter of the globe for months. How well we are prepared to fill your needs we leave you to judge.

We want you to make "Coulters" your Christmas home. Get in touch with the whole store that you may know it as we know it. Use the telephone, make yourself at home in any way you can—bring your Christmas thoughts and match them here.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY, Laughlin Building.

346 S. BROADWAY

THE HISTORY OF CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

Twenty Years Proof.
Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities. An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases.

"Can't do without them"
R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va., writes I don't know how I could live without them. I have had liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured.

Tutt's Liver Pills

There is no need of paying high prices

For Fine Dental Work. Our modern dental work of all kinds without pain at prices within the reach of all.

Extracting teeth...
With our local painless anesthetic...
Cleaning teeth...
Removal of tartar...
Fine pure gold fillings...
All other fillings...
Solid 22 carat gold crowns...
Partial rubber plates...
Gold or porcelain bridge...
Fall set of teeth...
Gold plates...
Flexible Rubber Dental Plates

Have many advantages over the old, thick, cumbersome, ordinary rubber plates, and even over gold plates, being much lighter and thinner. These plates are flexible, only a trifle thicker than heavy writing paper, at closer and adherent to the roof of the mouth. Particles of food and small seeds cannot get under them. They will last longer, are stronger than any others, and will not break as they will give first, being flexible. Dr. Schumann's own process and material. ONLY by a perfect fit guaranteed in every case of plate work.

EXTRACTING FREE. When best plates are ordered, ALL our work is guaranteed to be the very best. Some better than others, wherever, no matter how much you pay.

Consultation and examination free. Lady attendant for ladies and children. Open evenings and Sunday 4-noon.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 28. The method of extracting teeth used by Dr. Schumann is ABSOLUTELY PAINLESS.

CHARLES T. HEALEY, Baker Block, Los Angeles.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO., Rooms 20 to 26, No. 107 North Spring Street.

ALLEN'S Prosperity Furniture.

It covers 28,719 square feet, five stories high.

W. W. SWEENEY, EXPERT FITTER, 313 S. Spring St. Under Ramona Hotel.

ONE BOTTLE CURES M'Curry's Kidney and Bladder Cure. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all cases of NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, etc. One Dose Relieves. One Bottle Cures. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all cases of NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, etc. One Dose Relieves. One Bottle Cures.

ONLY 1 HORSE Cultivator (riding) in the world. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all cases of NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, etc. One Dose Relieves. One Bottle Cures.

THE NEW --Crystal Palace-- IS NOW OPEN. MEYBERG BROS., 340-342 South Spring Street.

Elastic Hosiery. For Varicose Veins, Sprained Ankles, weak joints, etc., should be made to order from fresh material. They are better, wear longer and cost less. Try the comfort of a perfect fit.

ARTHUR S. HILL, Trusses, Elastic Hosiery, Etc., 319 SOUTH SPRING ST.

D. D. WHITNEY TRUNK FACTORY. 423 S. Spring Los Angeles.

NILES PEASE Furniture CO., 424-440 S. SPRING ST.

Modern Dentistry. Painless filling and extracting. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.

Dr. C. Stevens, 107 N. Spring St.

CUT KATES. Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed. DRY PROCESS.

BERLIN. DYEING AND DYEING WORKS. 315 S. Broadway. Tel. 211. 1861 for appointments.



PASADENA.

BULLET PUT THROUGH FRANCISCO

GARCIA BY PABLO CORRALES.

Result of a Shooting and Clubbing

Carousal at Baldwin's Ranch. Two Men Arraigned Before Justice Merriam, Sunday—H. H. Matthey Assaulted by His Hostler.

PASADENA, Nov. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] Two tough-looking Mexicans were taken to jail tonight by Constable Wallis as a result of a shooting and clubbing at Baldwin's ranch last evening, in which bullets and clubs were mixed up with heads and legs in a bloody and alarming fashion. The arrested parties were Pablo Corrales and Acacio Coronado, the former charged with an assault with a deadly weapon with intent to commit murder, the latter accused of simple battery. Constable Newell of Lamanda Ranch brought them down this forenoon, saying on his complaint they were arraigned before Justice Merriam, who held the bail for Corrales at \$1000, and for Coronado at \$200. Both were committed for lack of surety.

It appeared that a number of Mexicans employed on the ranch and in the vicinity had secured a lavish supply of liquors and were banqueting with song and dance in a house near Santa Anita station. As the night wore on the carousal grew tempestuous. They fell to fighting among themselves, just when the police arrived, as Stephen Crane might say, and the color changed to carnage when Pablo Corrales let himself loose with his revolver. One shot struck Francisco Garcia in the fleshy part of his leg, just below the knee, and went completely through his thigh, making a painful but not necessarily serious wound.

Meanwhile Coronado was contributing to the gaieties with his club. It is said that he had obtained a policeman's bill from some source or other, and was brandishing it around, strapped to his wrist, hitting a head wherever his dazed vision could make out. He is accused of cutting three gashes in the head of Mrs. Garcia, and of bruising two other women. According to the representations to the court, he painted more rainbows around Santa Anita than had been seen in that lively suburb for a long day.

Corrales admitted that he shot Garcia, but claimed that he did it in self-defense. He declared that when the festivities were at their height he emptied a friend of his in danger of his life at the hands of the mob of drunken fellows, and he went in with his gun to pull him out of the room, whereupon Garcia attacked him savagely, and he had to shoot. Constable Newell is reported to have evidence in the case, and the respondents will have a hearing before Justice Merriam early in the week. It is reported that the constables that Corrales has a record for such offenses.

H. H. Matthey, proprietor of the Union yards, was savagely assaulted by Jack Elkins, one of his hostlers, this evening. They had a dispute with regard to some financial transaction, and the latter, in a fit of rage, during which Elkins's wrath got the better of him, and he went into the proprietor, pounding him about the face so severely that a surgeon had to take fifteen stitches. There were sixteen cuts, large and small, and Matthey now expects to be laid up for some time. The assailant, who spoke with difficulty, the assailant called at the Police Station and notified the officers of his assault, and a complaint should be filed against him. Once before he was arraigned in court for attacking Matthey with a wrench.

SIX CARS OF FURNITURE. It took a respectable freight train to bring the furniture for the big hotel Green annex. Six carloads have arrived, the last one coming in last night. The final carload, which was the last to arrive, and the work on the hotel will soon be completed. Men will commence springing the furniture Monday morning, and the carpeting has already been laid. The freight bills on the furniture alone amounted to \$2000.

PASADENA BREVIETTES.

News has been received of the death of Mrs. Ella Barrett of this city. She died while on her way to Detroit, Mich., her old home, where she was seriously ill when she started. Her son, who was with her, and her brother, Dr. Lodge of Detroit, were with her. She was much beloved here, having given many a service to those in trouble.

The Primrose Club will give a masquerade ball on the evening of January 2, following the Tournament of Roses. The committee for the best dancers and the best costumes.

A thanksgiving service was conducted at the First Christian Church this evening. Rev. J. W. Ingram discoursed on "The Christian Religion as a Factor in Our War With Spain."

Rev. Frederick Shield supplied the pulpit of the Lako avenue Methodist Church this morning. The church is without a pastor at present.

The interment of the body of Daniel Horan, who was killed in an elevator accident Friday, will take place at Mountain View Cemetery Monday.

J. E. Brown, a veteran resident of Pasadena, died of a stroke of paralysis today at his residence on Brown avenue. He was 71 years of age.

A Prof. Claypole will give the second lecture in the University Extension course at the Memorial building Monday evening.

Rev. E. L. Conger, D.D., of this city gave an address in honor of the heroes of the Spanish war at the Eastern States.

The funeral of the late William Schopbach will be held at No. 265 Concord court Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Princess Long, the revivalist singer, gave solos at the East Side Christian Church today.

Ed Mayo, the plumber, is one of the busiest men in town. Why? Best work, lowest prices.

Wool blankets, white bedspreads, ready-made sheets and pillowcases at Bon Accord. Carlton Hotel opens dining-room December 1. Very low rates to permanent guests.

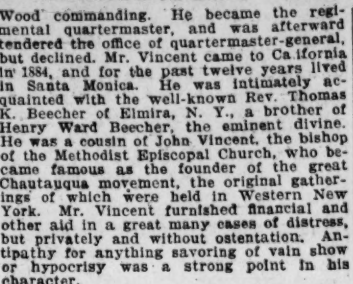
At World's and Midwinter Fairs Price's Baking Powder won highest honors.

SANTA MONICA.

Death of L. R. Vincent—City Advertising Contract.

SANTA MONICA, Nov. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] Levi R. Vincent died this morning at his home in this city, after a painful and lingering illness. A widow survives him. The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon from his late home. The remains will be cremated at Rosedale.

Mr. Vincent's later years, which were spent in California, were passed quietly. He was better known in the Eastern States, where he was connected with numerous large enterprises. He was born in 1829 in Vernal, Wyoming county, N. Y. He became an office boy in a hotel in Buffalo, his school opportunities having been limited. Gradually he worked his way up to more important positions with the railroad and lake steamship companies. In the latter he was for several years purchasing agent for the New York Central, and was also connected with the Michigan Central, in those capacities he was associated with Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, President Dean Richmond of the New York Central, Charles E. Noble of the Michigan Central and many other men of prominence. Upon the beginning of the civil war he enlisted in the One Hundred and thirty-sixth New York Volunteers, Col. John



PASADENA.

BULLET PUT THROUGH FRANCISCO

GARCIA BY PABLO CORRALES.

Result of a Shooting and Clubbing

Carousal at Baldwin's Ranch. Two Men Arraigned Before Justice Merriam, Sunday—H. H. Matthey Assaulted by His Hostler.

PASADENA, Nov. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] Two tough-looking Mexicans were taken to jail tonight by Constable Wallis as a result of a shooting and clubbing at Baldwin's ranch last evening, in which bullets and clubs were mixed up with heads and legs in a bloody and alarming fashion. The arrested parties were Pablo Corrales and Acacio Coronado, the former charged with an assault with a deadly weapon with intent to commit murder, the latter accused of simple battery. Constable Newell of Lamanda Ranch brought them down this forenoon, saying on his complaint they were arraigned before Justice Merriam, who held the bail for Corrales at \$1000, and for Coronado at \$200. Both were committed for lack of surety.

It appeared that a number of Mexicans employed on the ranch and in the vicinity had secured a lavish supply of liquors and were banqueting with song and dance in a house near Santa Anita station. As the night wore on the carousal grew tempestuous. They fell to fighting among themselves, just when the police arrived, as Stephen Crane might say, and the color changed to carnage when Pablo Corrales let himself loose with his revolver. One shot struck Francisco Garcia in the fleshy part of his leg, just below the knee, and went completely through his thigh, making a painful but not necessarily serious wound.

Meanwhile Coronado was contributing to the gaieties with his club. It is said that he had obtained a policeman's bill from some source or other, and was brandishing it around, strapped to his wrist, hitting a head wherever his dazed vision could make out. He is accused of cutting three gashes in the head of Mrs. Garcia, and of bruising two other women. According to the representations to the court, he painted more rainbows around Santa Anita than had been seen in that lively suburb for a long day.

Corrales admitted that he shot Garcia, but claimed that he did it in self-defense. He declared that when the festivities were at their height he emptied a friend of his in danger of his life at the hands of the mob of drunken fellows, and he went in with his gun to pull him out of the room, whereupon Garcia attacked him savagely, and he had to shoot. Constable Newell is reported to have evidence in the case, and the respondents will have a hearing before Justice Merriam early in the week. It is reported that the constables that Corrales has a record for such offenses.

H. H. Matthey, proprietor of the Union yards, was savagely assaulted by Jack Elkins, one of his hostlers, this evening. They had a dispute with regard to some financial transaction, and the latter, in a fit of rage, during which Elkins's wrath got the better of him, and he went into the proprietor, pounding him about the face so severely that a surgeon had to take fifteen stitches. There were sixteen cuts, large and small, and Matthey now expects to be laid up for some time. The assailant, who spoke with difficulty, the assailant called at the Police Station and notified the officers of his assault, and a complaint should be filed against him. Once before he was arraigned in court for attacking Matthey with a wrench.

SIX CARS OF FURNITURE. It took a respectable freight train to bring the furniture for the big hotel Green annex. Six carloads have arrived, the last one coming in last night. The final carload, which was the last to arrive, and the work on the hotel will soon be completed. Men will commence springing the furniture Monday morning, and the carpeting has already been laid. The freight bills on the furniture alone amounted to \$2000.

PASADENA BREVIETTES.

News has been received of the death of Mrs. Ella Barrett of this city. She died while on her way to Detroit, Mich., her old home, where she was seriously ill when she started. Her son, who was with her, and her brother, Dr. Lodge of Detroit, were with her. She was much beloved here, having given many a service to those in trouble.

The Primrose Club will give a masquerade ball on the evening of January 2, following the Tournament of Roses. The committee for the best dancers and the best costumes.

A thanksgiving service was conducted at the First Christian Church this evening. Rev. J. W. Ingram discoursed on "The Christian Religion as a Factor in Our War With Spain."

Rev. Frederick Shield supplied the pulpit of the Lako avenue Methodist Church this morning. The church is without a pastor at present.

The interment of the body of Daniel Horan, who was killed in an elevator accident Friday, will take place at Mountain View Cemetery Monday.

J. E. Brown, a veteran resident of Pasadena, died of a stroke of paralysis today at his residence on Brown avenue. He was 71 years of age.

A Prof. Claypole will give the second lecture in the University Extension course at the Memorial building Monday evening.

Rev. E. L. Conger, D.D., of this city gave an address in honor of the heroes of the Spanish war at the Eastern States.

The funeral of the late William Schopbach will be held at No. 265 Concord court Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Princess Long, the revivalist singer, gave solos at the East Side Christian Church today.

Ed Mayo, the plumber, is one of the busiest men in town. Why? Best work, lowest prices.

Wool blankets, white bedspreads, ready-made sheets and pillowcases at Bon Accord. Carlton Hotel opens dining-room December 1. Very low rates to permanent guests.

At World's and Midwinter Fairs Price's Baking Powder won highest honors.

SANTA MONICA.

Death of L. R. Vincent—City Advertising Contract.

SANTA MONICA, Nov. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] Levi R. Vincent died this morning at his home in this city, after a painful and lingering illness. A widow survives him. The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon from his late home. The remains will be cremated at Rosedale.

Mr. Vincent's later years, which were spent in California, were passed quietly. He was better known in the Eastern States, where he was connected with numerous large enterprises. He was born in 1829 in Vernal, Wyoming county, N. Y. He became an office boy in a hotel in Buffalo, his school opportunities having been limited. Gradually he worked his way up to more important positions with the railroad and lake steamship companies. In the latter he was for several years purchasing agent for the New York Central, and was also connected with the Michigan Central, in those capacities he was associated with Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, President Dean Richmond of the New York Central, Charles E. Noble of the Michigan Central and many other men of prominence. Upon the beginning of the civil war he enlisted in the One Hundred and thirty-sixth New York Volunteers, Col. John

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

INCREASED DEPTH OF WATER OVER THE HARBOR BAR.

Survey Steamer Gedeny Discovers Great Improvement from the Jetty—Flume Company's Plans. A Jeweler's Luck in Dawson. Coronado Notes.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] The depth of water on the bar of San Diego Harbor is said to have increased materially since the partial construction of the jetty. The officers of the survey steamer Gedeny are reported as saying that they were greatly surprised and gratified to see the increase, even though the jetty is only four-sevenths completed. At present the increase is still greater, being as much as six feet.

When the jetty was begun it was estimated by the government engineers that the increase in depth over the bar would be slow, and only a few inches at most until the completion of the jetty, when the total increase of depth might amount to two to four feet. It has leaked out that the increase is already more than that, and that the exact figures cannot be obtained.

The total length of the jetty will be 7200 feet. It is now out 400 feet, with the breakwater proper extending to the jetty. The purpose is to confine the tides to a straight channel in and out of the harbor, thus securing the harbor from the danger of the tides, and keeping the bar scoured. The ultimate effect will also be to send the bar further out, and to make the access of years, and not months.

With the increase of water over the bar at low tide, San Diego Harbor is rendered immensely more valuable for shipping, as this permits the entrance of large vessels at low tide. The government charts give the depth here at twenty-two and one-half feet at mean lower low water, and the depth at low tide is about five or six feet. If the jetty causes an increase here of two feet, the harbor will be deep enough to receive the largest steamships afloat when the largest steamships afloat are compelled to wait high tide before attempting to enter.

A LUCKY JEWELER.

Louis Pond, a young jeweler's clerk of this city, has returned from Dawson City with his share of a large haul of gold. In several claims on Dominion Creek, which are about to pass into the hands of a British syndicate, he has secured a lot of gold, the price being \$100,000. Besides this, he has been making money at the rate of several hundred dollars a day in the jewelry business at Dawson.

He was at work at Juneau when the Klondike boom was at its height. He crossed the continent on a freight train, and he was at Dawson \$100 in debt. He made \$250 the next day working at making jewelry and trading. He established a little jewelry store in the place, and he has since then and in time bought another stock. The first stock he bought was a half-dozen boxes of jewelry, and he has since then and in time bought another stock. The first stock he bought was a half-dozen boxes of jewelry, and he has since then and in time bought another stock.

FLUME COMPANY'S PLANS.

M. C. Heaton, representing the bondholders of the San Diego Flume and Water company, stated yesterday that he had pushed the San Luis eventing that it was the intention of the company to finish the Flume Valley ditch, to improve the service of the flume company, and other important extensions involving considerable outlay. He said the company was ready to sell the old ditch system and take a new one if it wanted it.

Mr. Heaton was very reticent when asked as to any probable change in the management of the company. It is expected that there will be a change, as he hinted that the bondholders had sent him to investigate the reason why so much money had been expended on the Flume Valley ditch, and he would make a thorough investigation, visiting Cuyamaca Lake, Pine Valley and all other points on the flume system.

SAN DIEGO BREVIETTES.

The baseball game yesterday between Los Angeles and San Diego resulted in a tie—2 to 2. The game was a very close one, and it was one of the best ever witnessed here. Payne and Adams were the battery for the San Diego.

Hon. Irving B. Dudley, of this city, Minister to Porto Rico, was in San Diego yesterday. He was here on his way to San Francisco, where he will be with Philip Morse, with data concerning his cultivation, with the suggestion that it might be made to flourish in the world's markets.

The news of the sudden death of Mrs. E. S. Chase, formerly of San Francisco, was received here yesterday. Mrs. Chase was the wife of Rev. E. S. Chase, formerly pastor of the Church of the Holy Trinity, and mother of E. P. Chase of San Diego.

John O'Connell, a hobo, stole a lady's money after he had befriended him, Justice Bryan sent him to jail for three months.

Many mining locations have been made recently in the Pico district, on the west side of the Rio Colorado.

CORONADO BEACH.

Usual Sunday Crowd Enjoys the Scenic Diversions.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Nov. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] The attendance of San Diego people on the beach today was large, swelling the crowd at the hotel. Fishing at the pier was pretty good, in spite of the high surf. About fifty people are out fishing this morning. The concert in the ballroom was the feature of the day.

City Briefs.

Hand, McNally's standard war atlas, size 14x22 inches, sixteen full-page maps, with index, given free with a prepaid three months' subscription to The Times. For sale at 40 cents each. Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 226 South Main street. Retiring from business, Chinese and Japanese goods, less than cost, 404 S. Spring.

Subject of Y.W.C.A. cooking lecture Tuesday, 10 a.m., "Diet for the Sick." The Rosslyn, Main st., opp. Postoffice.

The next county Christian Endeavor convention will be held at Long Beach, February 17 and 18, 1899.

Policeman Gorman found Thomas Henderson sleeping in a barn on San Fernando street at 12 o'clock last night and escorted him to the City Jail so the cows wouldn't bite him.

Fred Kuns, who, a little over a year ago, used to apply for lodging at the City Jail quite regularly, has returned to his old haunts and habits with an adult supply of that tired feeling. He showed up last night at the City Jail in quest of a free bed, and was accommodated.

TROUBLES OF A JAPANESE.

Endeavors to Find His Sweetheart and Gets Arrested.

Y. Kubota, a well-educated Japanese, was locked up yesterday on a charge of disturbing the peace, at the instance of E. G. Judah of No. 619 Park View avenue.

Some time ago, in the northern part of the State, Kubota attended school where a young woman named Mary Howard was also a pupil. The two became warm friends. Miss Howard, according to the Japanese, moved to Los Angeles, and later he came to this city and endeavored to locate her. There is a Miss Mary Howard living at the residence of Mr. Judah. She attends one of the public schools. The Japanese got it into his head that she and his northern friend were identical. He wrote her several letters and finally began hanging around the house in the hope of seeing her. Mr. Judah assured the Jap that Miss Howard was not the person he was looking for, and in order to convince him, took him into the house and let him talk to the young woman.

The Japanese, however, was not satisfied. He still thinks the Miss Howard he knows is in the house, and is being kept out of his sight, and insists on hanging around the place in search of her. Mr. Judah became tired of the annoyance and yesterday called on Park Policeman Wilson to take the man away. Wilson locked him up in the City Jail and today the love-lorn Japanese will tell his troubles in the Police Court.

RECEIVING HOSPITAL.

Hand Crushed, Decorated Face and Imaginary Broken Arm.

John Gibson, while assisting in moving a house early yesterday morning, got his left hand under a heavy roller. The fingers were painfully bruised, but no bones were broken. His injuries were dressed at the Receiving Hospital.

Henry Rice made his appearance at the Receiving Hospital last night with a face resembling a Hamburg steak. He said he acquired the face at the Santa Fe depot, claiming that a man and woman got off of a car and immediately proceeded to use his countenance as a punching bag, without so much as saying by your leave. Rice's face was cleaned of blood and dust and he was put to bed. After a night's rest he may be able to remember more definitely where he was "punched." As the saloons are supposed to be closed on Sunday, Henry Klopstein must have inhaled the fumes from some brewery to an alarming extent yesterday afternoon. At any rate, he hit the sidewalk too hard and then went to the Receiving Hospital, insisting that his arm was broken. Dr. Hagan could find no fracture, so he brushed the cobwebs out of Henry's eyes and bade him walk on his feet instead of his hands.

LEGISLATORS' CONFERENCE.

To Visit the Normal School and Whittier Today.

The lawmakers will hold a conference at the Chamber of Commerce at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. All the Senators and Assemblymen-elect from Southern California, with a few exceptions, are expected to be present. The legislators will cultivate each other's acquaintance and discuss matters which will come before the Legislature at its next session affecting the interests of Southern California.

At 10 o'clock this morning the legislators will assemble at the Chamber of Commerce and proceed to the State Normal School, where they will inspect the buildings and grounds and the work of the institution. They will be the guests of Principal Pierce and the faculty at luncheon.

At 5 o'clock this evening the legislators will start for Whittier, where they will visit the State Reform School. They will pass the night at the institution and return Tuesday morning.

Took His Room-mate's Money.

Two young fellows giving the names of Gus Kamrot and Gus Bergman, went to the police detectives yesterday morning and said that their room at No. 538 South Flower street had been entered and robbed. Bergman said \$14 had been taken out of his trousers, and Kamrot claimed to be loser to the extent of \$4.50. Two of the detectives went to the room and made an examination. They soon came to the conclusion that if a theft had occurred it had not been done by outside parties. The detectives watched the boys and ascertained that Kamrot spent considerable money during the day in the tenderloin district. They brought him in and pumped him so successfully that he finally admitted taking his room-mate's money. Kamrot was charged with petty larceny and locked up.

Ask for Cleveland's

when you order baking powder. Then you will be sure of having the best.

Cleveland Baking Powder Co., New York

Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MELSTED'S NOSE.

Corp. Rogers Assaults the Chef at Camp Pratt.

A. Melsted, who has charge of the commissary department at Camp Pratt, was assaulted yesterday noon by Corp. J. H. Rogers of Co. E, Seventh Regiment. Melsted's nose was broken in two places, necessitating medical attendance, and his face was cut in two places. Rogers was rounded up by Lieut. J. C. Mielke, officer of the guard, and is now in the guard-house, and will have to answer before a military court the charges to be brought by Lieut. Mielke today.

Rogers has been one of the leading spirits in the kicking against the "grub" provided by Melsted. The latter went to Lieut. Col. Schrieber Saturday and told him that he was afraid some of the worst grumblers would do him bodily harm. Col. Schrieber thought Melsted's fears unwarranted, but told him he would look into the matter. Yesterday noon while Co. E was at dinner Rogers, who was seated at the end of the table next to the kitchen, applied an insulting epithet to Melsted. The latter turned to the man, asking if the remark was intended for him. Without a word in reply Rogers struck out with his right arm, catching Melsted squarely on the nose. Members of the company rallied around Rogers, who appeared to be drunk, and hustled him away to company quarters, where he was found by Lieut. Mielke, shamming sleep.

Those who saw the assault denounce it in strong terms as being cowardly, uncalled for and unprovoked. Some of Rogers' friends are endeavoring to establish a defense by saying that Melsted replied to a remark made by Rogers that "anything was good enough for a d—d soldier," but at least half a dozen who saw the affair say nothing of the sort was said.

Capt. Pratt and assistants were the only busy people in camp yesterday, the lines being open until 10 taps. Church call was sounded at 10 o'clock in the morning, and after the services the boys were at liberty to go and "do as they pleased." The papers have all been made out for the mustering out of the regiment, and have been turned over to Paymaster Maj. Brewster Kenyon, who will have his work in shape to pay off next Friday. Beginning today, company and battalion drills will be given; also parade by the entire regiment at 4:30 o'clock each afternoon.

BARBECUED BEEF.

Pleasant Farewell Tendered to Friends of B. E. Rico and Wife.

One of those old-fashioned barbecues was given yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bert E. Rico, No. 1230 East Ninth street, at which were present about thirty-four guests. All but three or four of the guests are related, either by blood or marriage, to the host and hostess. The festivities were held on the ground floor of the Rico residence, which was appropriately decorated for the occasion, the American flag being the chief ornament.

The occasion was a farewell gathering in honor of Mrs. U. Yndart and her two daughters, the Misses Asela and Teresa, who are about to depart for Mexico, where they intend to engage in business.

The barbecued beef, which was done to a turn, was prepared by Don Pedro Rivera. After the guests had partaken of the tempting viands, the host, who acted as toastmaster, entertained the guests with remarks appropriate to the occasion, and wished the departing guests God-speed and good-luck in their future ventures. The other gentlemen present also welcomed them in sentiments fitting the occasion. The Misses Rosita and Louise Villa sang "Te Valia la Ver," and other selections, accompanied by guitar and mandolin, and Manuel Solano rendered "Vella Sultana." The chief attraction of the afternoon, however, was the dancing of La Cachucha by Miss Teresa Yndart. The guests were: Mmes. U. Yndart, Y. Sepulveda, M. A. Arata, T. P. Rico, Blanca Maguire, James Dodson, Thomas Sogno, Misses Asela Yndart, Teresa Yndart, L. M. Arata, M. A. Arata, Kitty McGuilkin, Rosita Villa, Louise Villa, Lucy Rivera, Victoria Sepulveda, Frances Maguire, Constanza Davoust, Anita Thompson, Schaefer, Rutledge, Aldonza Rico, Messrs. Paul Sepulveda, R. J. Arata, Manuel Rivera, Thomas Antler, James Gray, John Mott, Tom F. Rico, Jr., Adolfo Rivera, president of the El Dorado Republican Club, and Master Bert F. Rico, the mascot of the club.

BIRTH RECORD.

LILLINGTON—In Riverside, November 23, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Lillington, twins, a son and a daughter.

DEATH RECORD.

GOODWIN—In this city, November 23, at the California Hospital, lady Mary Goodwin, wife of Rev. Dr. W. R. Goodwin, pastor of the Pico Heights Methodist Episcopal Church, and mother of Mrs. Dr. C. H. Whitman of this city.

Funeral services at the First Methodist Episcopal Church on Broadway, at 2 p.m. Monday, November 23. San Francisco papers please copy.

DAVIS—Suddenly, at 2:30 a.m. Sunday, November 27, Ruth Ann, beloved wife of E. H. Davis and mother of Mrs. L. W. Davis, Mrs. H. D. Hoag and Miss Helen L. Davis of this city.

Funeral at 2 p.m. Monday, November 28, from Peck & Chase's undertaking parlors. THOMAS—In this city, November 27, 1898, at the residence of her brother, James P. Stule, Martha R. Thomas, beloved mother of G. Roscoe Thomas of Pasadena and Mrs. J. G. Eckstein of Norwalk, Cal., aged 79 years 10 days.

Funeral on Tuesday, November 29, at 2 o'clock, at No. 426 East Twenty-seventh street.

SMITH & DEERING FUNERAL PARLORS Nos. 506-508 South Broadway. Mrs. Spooner, embalmer for ladies and children. Tel. M. 665.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO. Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 218 W. First street. Tel. M. 240.

THE ROSSLYN—the family hotel.

G. U. WHITNEY'S L. A. TRUNK FACTORY Trunks, traveling bags and novelties at lowest prices. No. 223 South Main street.

BISHOP'S

Are the Soda Crackers you eat good or bad? They are good if you get "Bishop's."

Crimp Crackers in bulk. Princess Crackers in boxes. BISHOP & COMPANY.

SODA CRACKERS

Montgomery Bros. will remove

to the new Douglas Building

when completed.



Clocks.

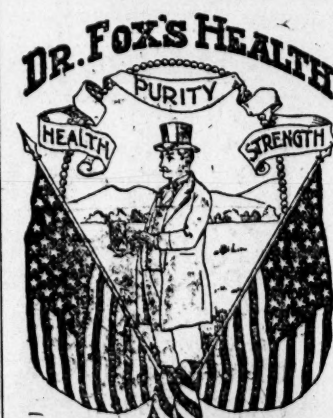
Our very interesting collection of clocks is worthy of study by connoisseurs. It embraces many different historical designs, as well as the most modern.

There are large clocks, small clocks, clocks with chimes and clocks without, clocks that tick and clocks that don't. Clocks of all descriptions.

Our present reduced prices make the show doubly interesting.

Montgomery Bros.

120-122 N. Spring St.



BAKING POWDER

A PURE PERMANENT CREAM OF TARTAR BAKING POWDER.

What there are no "strings" to it.

We Risk Nothing

When we offer a reward of \$25 for any case of piles which cannot be cured with one box of Verus Pile Cure, because we have tested it on the worst cases we could find. The uniform price is \$2. If your drug-gist is without it and will not order, write the VERUS REMEDY CO., Sole Manufacturers, VERUS.

PILE CURE,

212 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.



Giving the Children Fits.

Any child or grown person who needs glasses can be properly fitted here. We make this our whole business. We handle the most difficult cases in the city. We do all work personally.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO., 235 South Spring St. Formerly 228 W. Second Street.



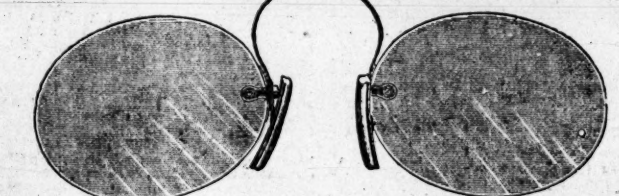
WE'LL NEVER DO IT AGAIN.

Here are a thousand Hats, less what we sold Saturday—any color you want, any size you want, any shape you want—your pick from the lot

FOR \$2

Not a Hat in the lot that would sell any place else in town for less than \$3.00 to \$5.00. This is going to be a sharp, short and decisive sale and when it's over you can believe that "we'll never do it again."

LOWMAN & CO. 131 SO. SPRING



Special -- \$2.25

Monday and Tuesday only.

Rimless Eye Glasses

With 10-year guarantee, gold filled mountings, the kind that look so well and fit so comfortably, usual price \$3.50.

Thorough Examination Free.

J. P. DELANY,

Expert Optician.

213 S. Spring Street.

First Quality Crystal Lenses \$1.00 pair.

New Walking Hats

\$2.50.

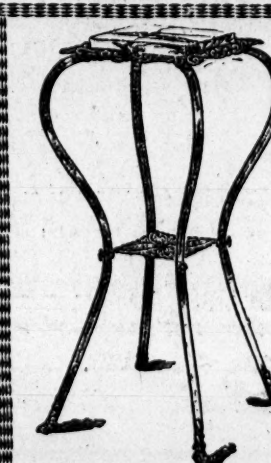
Tam O'Shanter Crown of dotted velvet with satin edge on brim; set off with fancy quills and very stylish. At \$2.50 we consider them the nobbiest shown this season. You can see them and try them on, and we believe you will be suited.

WONDER MILLINERY, MEYER BROS., Successors to Lud Zobel & Co.,

219 S. Spring St.

Announcement Extraordinary

MADAME GOTTHELF, of 121 S. Spring Street, offers her entire stock of Imported Millinery, including Paris Pattern Hats and Bonnets and her own beautiful creations, previous to her departure for Europe, for the next two weeks, at greatly reduced prices. As we never advertise, you know what this means, and will take advantage of it and buy the finest Millinery at prices of inferior goods. Sale commences at 10 o'clock.



This Beautiful Brass Table, Mexican Onyx Top

at \$3.50.

Elegant line Parlor and Bedroom Tables from 75c to \$20

Southern California

Furniture Co.

312-314 S. Broadway.



There is

No Fabric

However delicate that is injured in the least by our New Dry Process of cleaning.

WE CLEAN EVERYTHING FROM A NECKTIE TO AN EVENING DRESS and make them look like new.

A Specialty.

With us is the cleaning of Men's Suits and Overcoats.

Get Our Prices.

DURAND & MOFFITT, CITY DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, 453 South Broadway. Tel. Main 551

AVOID THE KNIFE

For Cancers, Tumors and Malignant Growths. Send for Free Book.

DR. C. W. UNGER, Specialist, 107 1/2 N. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Sexual Depletion

And Nervous Prostration Completely Cured or Not a Dollar Need Be Paid to



DR. MEYER & CO.

These able Specialists for Diseases of Men only, never fail in curable cases of Wasting Weakness, contracted diseases in the first, second and third stage, or results from early abuses.



MAGNETIC APPLIANCES

Dr. Meyer & Co. are the only graduated doctors in Los Angeles manufacturing and selling Electric Belts to their patients. There are belt fakirs calling themselves doctors. These fakirs know absolutely nothing about medicine, electricity nor the human system. Under the false pretenses of being doctors they sell them worthless belts to scare and burn their victims.

Electricity should only be prescribed by graduated and able physicians.

Dr. Meyer & Co. have confidence in the virtue of their Belt and are willing to let sufferers have

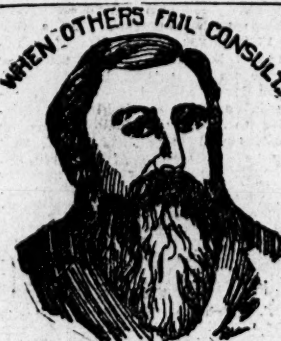
One Month Trial Free

Before they have to purchase or pay for them. Consultation with these able specialists will cost you nothing. A stitch in time saves nine. Today you may be cured, tomorrow it might be too late.

DR. MEYER & CO.

218 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

TAKE ELEVATOR—HOURS—9 to 12, 1 to 4 daily. Evenings 7 to 8. Sundays, 9 to 11.



123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

EDISON'S MIMEOGRAPH

Is the little machine which prints fac-simile copies of letters, etc., at the rate of 1500 an hour. It is a time and money saver. Come in and investigate it or telephone to us and we'll send our expert operator to explain its merits to you. If you already have a Mimeograph don't forget we are headquarters for supplies.

GRIMES-STASSFORTH STATIONERY CO.,

308 S. SPRING ST. OPPOSITE RAMONA HOTEL.

DISAPPOINTED SUFFERERS Need not exhaust their health and money. A Specialist of 16 years' experience in the treatment of Chronic Diseases, a specialist with the highest class of professional endorsements, says—Come, and if you don't cure you won't cost you a dollar for my services. ABSOLUTELY NO PAY UNTIL CURED. Catarrh and all Chronic and Complicated Diseases of Men, Women and Children. Consultations and examinations free. Write or call. DR. T. J. P. O'BRIEN, The Successful Specialist, Office and Sanitarium, 342 SOUTH HILL STREET. Hours—9 to 4 daily; 7 to 8 evenings; Sundays 10 to 12.

CONSUMPTION CURED BY WHITMAN THE METHOD.

Patients treated at home or at the Institute. Symptom bank and treatise on Consumption, its Cause and Cure, sent free. Koch Medical Institute, 481 1/2 S. Spring, Los Angeles.

For the Furniture, Carpets & Draperies Go To BARKER BROS.' NEW STORE 420-424 SOUTH - SPRING STREET.

CONSUMPTION CURED. Dr. W. Harrison Ballard

415 1/2 S. Spring St. SEND FOR COPYRIGHTED "TREATISE ON CONSUMPTION."

Special Drive

In Walking Hats Today.

The Millinery World

125 South Spring St.

Our Hobby is Master Workmanship and Prices.

We have a New Harmless Medicine for painless extraction of teeth; especially for weak and nervous persons.

New York Dental Parlors,

321 1/2 S. Spring.